ALBERTA, VIRGINIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

ALBERTA, VIRGINIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

MR. RODNEY JACOBS SUPERINTENDENT

MRS. JENNIFER DERRENBACKER, CPA FINANCE DIRECTOR

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

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Serving the following Localities: Brunswick County Dinwiddie County Mecklenburg County

Rodney J. Jacobs Superintendent

9000 Boydton Plank Road Alberta, VA 23821 (434) 949-6700 (434) 949-0180 Fax November 3, 2025

The Honorable Members of the Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority Board and Citizens of Member Localities Alberta, Virginia 23821

Dear Authority Board Members and Citizens:

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority (Jail Authority) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. This letter should be read in conjunction with the Management's Discussion and Analysis, which can be found in the Financial Section of the report.

PROFILE OF THE ORGANIZATION

The Jail Authority, a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia, was authorized by Chapter 726 of the 1990 Acts of the General Assembly of Virginia. The participating jurisdictions of the Authority are the Counties of Brunswick, Dinwiddie and Mecklenburg. The Authority is governed by a nine-member board comprised of three members from each locality.

The general purpose of the Jail Authority is to maintain and operate a regional jail facility to meet the needs of the participating jurisdictions. The main facility has 662-beds, consisting of 596 general-purpose beds, a 32-bed work release center, and 34 special management cells. The satellite facility has 104-beds, consisting of 76 general-purpose beds, a 24-bed work release center, and 4 special management cells. The Mecklenburg facility has been temporarily closed since January 6, 2021.

The legislation that created the Jail Authority requires there be a service agreement between the Jail Authority and its participating jurisdictions. The service agreement is a long-term contract regulating usage of the Jail Authority and establishing payment terms applicable to participating jurisdictions. It guarantees that the facility will be used and provides a basis for the issuance of revenue bonds to fund the final design and construction of the Jail. The board members of the Jail Authority signed the Service Agreement on April 3, 2008. The service agreement was amended on July 1, 2010.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

As the Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority serves the member jurisdictions of Brunswick, Dinwiddie, and Mecklenburg Counties, trends in local population levels indirectly influence the facility's offender population. Population changes within these localities can serve as an indicator of the potential number of individuals requiring incarceration from each jurisdiction.

Brunswick County's population is projected to decline by 1.08%, with an estimated total of 15,749 residents in 2024. Dinwiddie County's population is expected to grow modestly by 0.25% to 28,098 residents, while Mecklenburg County is projected to increase by 0.46%, reaching an estimated population of 30,648 in 2024.

The offender population for the past year was 243. The offender population is budgeted to be 270 in fiscal year 2026.

MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND INITIATIVES

Despite ongoing staffing challenges and the related impact on employee morale, the Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority achieved several significant accomplishments during the year. The facility continued to provide a safe, secure, and sanitary environment for both staff and offenders while maintaining operational efficiency and implementing cost-saving measures.

The Jail received the "Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting" for the twelfth year as well as received the "Distinguished Budget Presentation Award" for the tenth year. The Jail also achieved an issuer rating upgrade from A1 to Aa3, recognizing the organization's sound financial management and improved credit position.

The staff of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority works hard each year to give back to the communities and offer assistance to our local agencies. Over the course of the past year, the charitable and community-based outreach activities have helped make the facility shine amongst the citizens of our user jurisdictions. In addition to participating in such events as The Fraternal Order of Police, South Hill Lodge #51, serving Mecklenburg and Brunswick Counties, "Cops and Kids" program, and coordinating our seventh annual Thanksgiving Food Drive, staff also collected and sent donations to assist families and children in Western North Carolina who lost their homes and belongings as a result of Hurricane Helene. We also continued our relationship with Crater Criminal Justice Academy allowing access to our facility for all Basic Jail Academies to complete the cell search portion of their training and encouraged the participation of several employees on various committees and Advisory Boards for partnering agencies.

Moving forward, the Jail plans to continue its efforts to recruit an Officer-In-Charge (OIC) and a Field Training Officer (FTO) for each shift. These officers will further develop officers on their shifts for their daily responsibilities as well as focus on developing them for the next level of supervision. It will offer all new hires a consistent and familiar face/person to work with throughout their training, when they report to shift, and during and after their Academy graduation. Other goals include creating a stress-free work environment within our facility for staff and developing an analysis assessing the impact of salary increases on Jail Officer recruitment, retention, and performance.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The Capital Reserve Fund will increase to \$2,294,970 for the year ended June 30, 2025 after the required year-end transfer. A formal Capital Reserve Fund policy was established in fiscal year 2019 to meet the future capital needs of the Jail such as vehicles, significant building improvements, etc. thus preventing an increase in the Jail Authority's operating budget. The adopted policy requires, annually at the conclusion of the annual audit, funds equal to 15% of the increase in operating net position to be transferred to the Capital Reserve Fund for the purpose of providing cash reserves for the procurement of future capital requirements.

The Rate Stabilization Fund will increase to \$2,846,539 for the year ended June 30, 2025 after the required year-end transfer. The Rate Stabilization Fund was revised in fiscal year 2021 to meet the future budget needs of the Jail. The revised policy requires, annually at the conclusion of the annual audit, funds equal to 20% of the increase in operating net position to be transferred to the Rate Stabilization Fund for the purpose of providing cash reserves to offset large increases in operational per diems.

The Operating Reserve Fund was increased to \$3,236,369 as required by the Jail Authority's service agreement. The service agreement requires that an Operating Reserve Fund be equal to not less than 60 days of the Jail Authority's projected annual operating budget for each year less debt service or such other amount as is required by the provisions of such obligations.

The Authority Board determined that it would be prudent and beneficial to the financial management of the Authority and its Member Jurisdictions to establish an additional reserve fund in excess of the legally required reserves. The Supplemental Reserve Fund Requirement is equal to 17% of the Authority's projected annual operating budget for each year, less debt service. The balance in the Supplemental Reserve Fund for the year ended June 30, 2025 was \$3,301,096.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The certified public accounting firm of Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates has audited the June 30, 2025 financial statements. Their opinion on the financial statements is presented in the financial section of this report.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated efforts of the employees of the Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority.

Further appreciation is extended to each member of the Jail Authority for their continued interest, dedication, and support.

Respectfully submitted,

Rodney Jacobs

Rodney Jacobs Superintendent

Jennifer Derrenbacker, CPA

Jennifer Denembacker

Finance Director

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY Year Ended June 30, 2025

Officers

Chairman W. Kevin Massengill

Dinwiddie County Administrator

Vice-Chairman Leslie R. Weddington

Brunswick County Administrator

Secretary Alex Gottschalk

Mecklenburg County Administrator

Other Members

Sheriff Brian K. Roberts, Brunswick County Sheriff

Dr. Alfonzo R. Seward, Brunswick County Board of Supervisors

Sheriff "Duck" Adams, Dinwiddie County Sheriff

William D. Chavis, Dinwiddie County Board of Supervisors

Sheriff R. W. "Bobby" Hawkins, Mecklenburg County Sheriff

Tom Tanner, Mecklenburg County Board of Supervisors

Counsel

William H. Hefty, Esq.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority Virginia

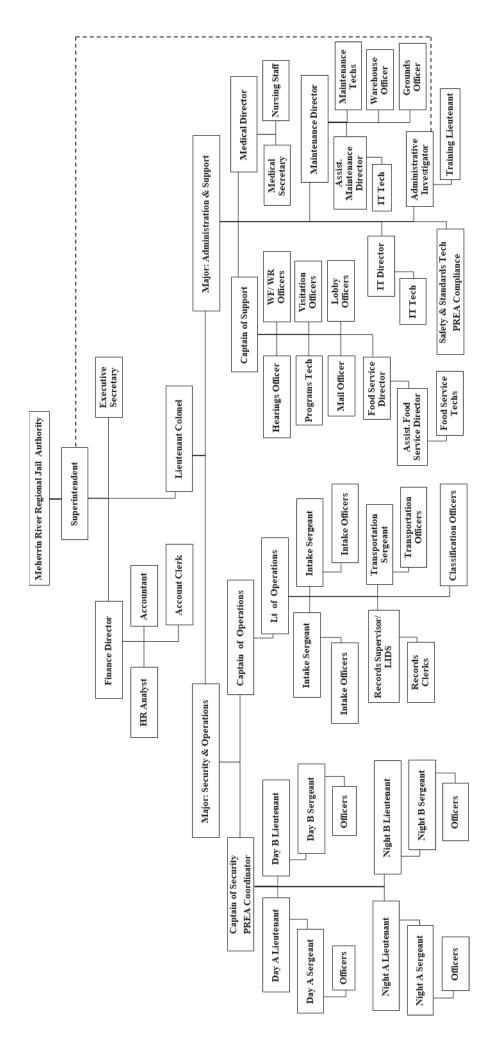
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2024

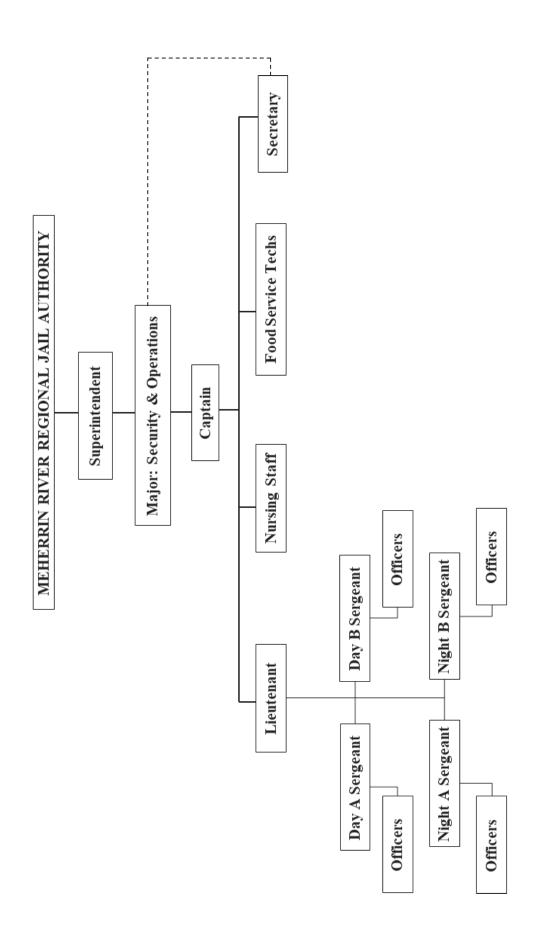
Chuitophu P. Morrill
Executive Director/CEO

Meherrin River Regional Jail – Alberta

Organizational Structure



Meherrin River Regional Jail – Mecklenburg Organizational Structure





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority Alberta, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority, as of June 30, 2025, and the changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, in 2025, Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, in 2025, the Jail Authority restated beginning balances to reflect the requirements of GASB Statement No. 101. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 3, 2025, on our consideration of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson Faven Cox Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia November 3, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The financial statements of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority include all business activities and include notes to the financial statements that explain and provide detailed data on information in the financial statements.

The following is management's discussion and analysis of the Jail Authority's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2025. It should be read in conjunction with the letter of transmittal in the Introductory Section, the Jail Authority's financial statements and supplemental information included in the Financial Section and financial performance in the Statistical Section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Fiscal Year 2025:

- The Jail Authority's net position increased \$2,647,122 in FY 2025.
- Total revenues of the Jail for FY 2025 were \$18.582,981.
- Total expenses of the Jail for FY 2025 were \$15,935,859.

Fiscal Year 2024:

- The Jail Authority's net position increased \$2,988,756 in FY 2024.
- Total revenues of the Jail for FY 2024 were \$18,132,848.
- Total expenses of the Jail for FY 2024 were \$15,144,092.

The Jail Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis, recognizing revenue when earned and expenses when incurred, and include all of the business activities of the Jail Authority. See notes to financial statements for a summary of significant accounting policies.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Jail's basic financial statements. The Jail Authority's basic financial statements consist of the statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and the statement of cash flows. The jail also presents fiduciary statements for its custodial funds. The first two statements report the Jail Authority's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Jail Authority's financial condition.

The following table summarizes the net position of the Jail at June 30, 2025 and 2024:

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY

Statements of Net Position At June 30, 2025 and 2024

NET POSITION		2025		2024
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$	34,974,900 50,406,551	\$	32,817,402 51,534,716
Total assets	\$	85,381,451	\$	84,352,118
Deferred outflows of resources	\$_	2,043,209	\$_	2,192,001
Long-term liabilities, net	\$	31,388,273	\$	32,329,591
Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$	4,316,388 35,704,661	\$	4,098,544 36,428,135
Deferred inflows of resources	\$_	576,966	\$_	1,094,985
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	24,753,921	\$	24,665,285
Restricted for net pension asset		5,199,315		4,871,156
Restricted for net OPEB asset		80,687		67,489
Restricted for inmate benefits		322,724		355,472
Unrestricted		20,786,386		19,061,597
Total net position	\$	51,143,033	\$	49,020,999

Overall net position increased 4.33% in 2025, with unrestricted net position increasing 9.05% for 2025. Comparatively, overall net position increased 6.49% in 2024, with unrestricted net position increasing 12.36% for 2024.

The increase in unrestricted net position in FY 2025 is primarily attributable to vacancy savings from Compensation Board funded positions.

The increase in unrestricted net position in FY 2024 is primarily attributable to vacancy savings from Compensation Board funded positions.

REVENUES

Operating and nonoperating revenues for the Jail Authority totaled \$18,582,981 for the year ended June 30, 2025, which represents a \$450,133 increase over fiscal year 2024. This amount is primarily attributable to increased Compensation Board revenues in FY 2025 along with a decrease in interest and investment earnings. Of this total, per-diem billings to member jurisdictions totaled \$4,661,495 or 30.43 percent of total operating revenues. This category reflected an increase of \$30,079 as a result of increases in contractual expenses that required our member jurisdictions to contribute more to balance the FY25 budget. The revenues received from the state totaled \$9,794,209 or 63.93 percent of total operating revenues. This category reflected an increase of \$782,585 as a result of an annual salary increase for employees. Inmate and other revenues totaled \$863,587 or 5.64 percent of total operating revenues.

A summary of revenues for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 is presented in the following computation:

Operating Revenue: Member Jurisdictions Brunswick County \$ 1,286,595 \$ 1,347,957 Dinwiddie County 1,370,917 1,292,410 Mecklenburg County 2,003,983 1,991,049 Subtotal \$ 4,661,495 \$ 4,631,416 State Share of Jail Operations Compensation Board \$ 9,794,209 \$ 9,011,624 Subtotal \$ 9,794,209 \$ 9,011,624 Charges for Services Work Release \$ 19,895 \$ 21,472 Weekender Fees 9,582 8,809 Home Incarceration 4,455 6,305 Medical Co-Pays 7,529 10,174 Medical Reimbursement 6,871 594 Daily Fees 79,625 88,520 Inmate Phones 516,900 510,442 Bed Rentals 8,610 75 Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197	REVENUE SOURCE	_	2025	 2024
Brunswick County \$ 1,286,595 \$ 1,347,957 Dinwiddie County 1,370,917 1,292,410 Mecklenburg County 2,003,983 1,991,049 Subtotal \$ 4,661,495 \$ 4,631,416 State Share of Jail Operations Compensation Board \$ 9,794,209 \$ 9,011,624 Subtotal \$ 9,794,209 \$ 9,011,624 Charges for Services Work Release \$ 19,895 \$ 21,472 Weekender Fees 9,582 \$ 8,809 Home Incarceration 4,455 \$ 6,305 Medical Co-Pays 7,529 \$ 10,174 Medical Reimbursement 6,871 \$ 594 Daily Fees 79,625 \$ 88,520 Inmate Phones 516,900 \$ 510,442 Bed Rentals 8,610 \$ 75 Dining Operations 112,738 \$ 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 \$ 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 \$ 82,6678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,1				
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Compensation Board \$ 9,794,209 \$ 9,011,624 Subtotal \$ 9,794,209 \$ 9,011,624 Charges for Services \$ 19,895 \$ 21,472 Work Release \$ 19,895 \$ 21,472 Weekender Fees 9,582 8,809 Home Incarceration 4,455 6,305 Medical Co-Pays 7,529 10,174 Medical Reimbursement 6,871 594 Daily Fees 79,625 88,520 Inmate Phones 516,900 510,442 Bed Rentals 8,610 75 Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contribut	Subtotal	\$	4,661,495	\$ 4,631,416
Subtotal \$ 9,794,209 \$ 9,011,624 Charges for Services Work Release \$ 19,895 \$ 21,472 Weekender Fees 9,582 8,809 Home Incarceration 4,455 6,305 Medical Co-Pays 7,529 10,174 Medical Reimbursement 6,871 594 Daily Fees 79,625 88,520 Inmate Phones 516,900 510,442 Bed Rentals 8,610 75 Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000	State Share of Jail Operations			
Charges for Services \$ 19,895 \$ 21,472 Work Release \$ 19,895 \$ 21,472 Weekender Fees 9,582 \$ 8,809 Home Incarceration 4,455 6,305 Medical Co-Pays 7,529 10,174 Medical Reimbursement 6,871 594 Daily Fees 79,625 88,520 Inmate Phones 516,900 510,442 Bed Rentals 8,610 75 Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000	Compensation Board	\$ _	9,794,209	\$ 9,011,624
Work Release \$ 19,895 \$ 21,472 Weekender Fees 9,582 8,809 Home Incarceration 4,455 6,305 Medical Co-Pays 7,529 10,174 Medical Reimbursement 6,871 594 Daily Fees 79,625 88,520 Inmate Phones 516,900 510,442 Bed Rentals 8,610 75 Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000	Subtotal	\$	9,794,209	\$ 9,011,624
Weekender Fees 9,582 8,809 Home Incarceration 4,455 6,305 Medical Co-Pays 7,529 10,174 Medical Reimbursement 6,871 594 Daily Fees 79,625 88,520 Inmate Phones 516,900 510,442 Bed Rentals 8,610 75 Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: Local Share of Debt Service \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000	Charges for Services			
Home Incarceration 4,455 6,305 Medical Co-Pays 7,529 10,174 Medical Reimbursement 6,871 594 Daily Fees 79,625 88,520 Inmate Phones 516,900 510,442 Bed Rentals 8,610 75 Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: Local Share of Debt Service \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000	Work Release	\$	19,895	\$ 21,472
Medical Co-Pays 7,529 10,174 Medical Reimbursement 6,871 594 Daily Fees 79,625 88,520 Inmate Phones 516,900 510,442 Bed Rentals 8,610 75 Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: Local Share of Debt Service \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000	Weekender Fees		9,582	8,809
Medical Reimbursement 6,871 594 Daily Fees 79,625 88,520 Inmate Phones 516,900 510,442 Bed Rentals 8,610 75 Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions - \$ 249,000	Home Incarceration		4,455	6,305
Daily Fees 79,625 88,520 Inmate Phones 516,900 510,442 Bed Rentals 8,610 75 Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000	Medical Co-Pays		7,529	10,174
Inmate Phones 516,900 510,442 Bed Rentals 8,610 75 Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000				
Bed Rentals 8,610 75 Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000	•			
Dining Operations 112,738 135,199 Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: Local Share of Debt Service \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Miscellaneous Revenue 97,382 108,043 Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000				
Subtotal \$ 863,587 \$ 889,633 Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Operating Revenue \$ 15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 Nonoperating Revenue: Local Share of Debt Service \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000	Miscellaneous Revenue	_	97,382	 108,043
Nonoperating Revenue: \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Local Share of Debt Service Insurance recoveries Interest and investment earnings (losses) \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Interest and investment earnings (losses) \$ 759,199 \$ 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000	Subtotal	\$ _	863,587	\$ 889,633
Local Share of Debt Service \$ 2,504,491 \$ 2,504,197 Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000	Total Operating Revenue	\$_	15,319,291	\$ 14,532,673
Insurance recoveries Interest and investment earnings (losses) Total Nonoperating Revenue \$\frac{-}{759,199} \frac{20,300}{826,678}\$ Total Nonoperating Revenue \$\frac{3,263,690}{5} \frac{3,351,175}{5}\$ Capital Contributions \$\frac{-}{5} \frac{249,000}{5}\$	Nonoperating Revenue:			
Insurance recoveries - 20,300 Interest and investment earnings (losses) 759,199 826,678 Total Nonoperating Revenue \$ 3,263,690 \$ 3,351,175 Capital Contributions \$ - \$ 249,000	Local Share of Debt Service	\$	2,504,491	\$ 2,504,197
Interest and investment earnings (losses)759,199826,678Total Nonoperating Revenue\$ 3,263,690\$ 3,351,175Capital Contributions\$ - \$ 249,000	Insurance recoveries		-	
Capital Contributions \$\$ 249,000	Interest and investment earnings (losses)	_	759,199	
1	Total Nonoperating Revenue	\$_	3,263,690	\$ 3,351,175
Total Revenue \$ 18,582,981 \$ 18,132,848	Capital Contributions	\$_	-	\$ 249,000
	Total Revenue	\$	18,582,981	\$ 18,132,848

EXPENSES

Operating expenses totaled \$14,745,641 for the year ended June 30, 2025. Of this amount, salaries and employee benefits totaled \$7,536,279. This category reflected an increase of \$532,067 as a result of an annual salary increase for employees along with the implementation of GASB 101, Compensated Absences. Medical services and supplies totaled \$3,137,300. This category reflected an increase of \$177,645 as a result of an increase in our medical services contract which is a result of an increase in CPI-W. Food service and supplies totaled \$437,856. This category reflected an increase of \$3,763 as a result of a decrease in offender population paired with an increase in CPI-W

Operating expenses totaled \$13,894,181 for the year ended June 30, 2024. Of this amount, salaries and employee benefits totaled \$7,004,212, medical services and supplies totaled \$2,959,655, and food service and supplies totaled \$434,093. In addition to salary increases during the year, the medical services and supplies costs showed a significant increase due to an increase in our medical services contract which is determined based on the change in CPI-W.

Summary data for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 are presented in the following computation:

EXPENSE CLASSIFICATION

	_	2025	_	2024
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and Wages	\$	5,821,161	\$	5,768,157
Fringe Benefits		1,715,118		1,236,055
Professional Services		98,610		122,984
Medical Services and Supplies		3,137,300		2,959,655
Materials and Supplies		1,297,351		1,198,017
Food Services and Supplies		437,856		434,093
Utilities		597,071		542,571
Depreciation	_	1,641,174		1,632,649
Total Operating Expenses	\$_	14,745,641	\$	13,894,181
Nonoperating Expenses:				
Interest Expense	\$	1,190,218	\$	1,247,338
Loss on asset disposal	_			2,573
Total Nonoperating Expense	\$_	1,190,218	\$	1,249,911
Total Expense	\$_	15,935,859	\$	15,144,092

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS & CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Net Position increased by \$2,647,122 for the year ended June 30, 2025. This amount includes \$2,073,472 in nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Summary data is presented in the following computation:

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS & CHANGE IN NET POSITION

		2025	_	2024
Operating:	Φ.	15 210 201	Φ.	1 4 500 650
Revenues Expenses	\$	15,319,291 14,745,641	\$	14,532,673 13,894,181
•	Φ-		- Φ	, , ,
Net operating income (loss)	\$_	573,650	. \$	638,492
Nonoperating:				
Revenues	\$	3,263,690	\$	3,351,175
Expenses	_	1,190,218		1,249,911
Net nonoperating income (loss)	\$_	2,073,472	\$	2,101,264
Total net income (loss) before capital contributions	\$	2,647,122	\$	2,739,756
Capital contributions	_	-		249,000
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$_	2,647,122	\$	2,988,756
Net position, beginning of year	\$_	49,020,999	\$	46,032,243
Restatement	\$_	(525,088)	\$	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	\$_	48,495,911	\$	46,032,243
Net position, end of year	\$	51,143,033	\$	49,020,999

Beginning net position was restated to reflect the implementation of GASB 101.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF JAIL FUNDS

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis, recognizing revenue when earned and expenses when incurred, and include all of the business activities of the Jail Authority.

Jail operations ended fiscal year 2025 with a \$2,647,122 increase in total net position. Jail operations ended fiscal year 2024 with a \$2,988,756 increase in total net position.

The Operating Reserve Fund totals \$3,236,369, which equates to 60 days of the Jail Authority's annual operating budget less debt service as required by the Jail Authority's service agreement. The Rate Stabilization Fund totals \$2,846,539 at the end of fiscal year 2025 and includes an annual transfer as required by the Rate Stabilization Fund policy. The Capital Reserve Fund totaling \$2,294,970 represents proceeds from VRA Bonds remaining after construction along with interest and an annual transfer as required by the Capital Reserve Fund policy. The Supplemental Reserve Fund totals \$3,301,096, which equates to 17% of the Jail Authority's annual budget less debt service.

The Jail Authority's cash position remains strong with \$25,447,787 in unrestricted funds.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Jail Authority had total long-term bonds outstanding of \$31,619,730 on June 30, 2025. This amount is comprised of a Series 2016 VRA bond which is the result of an advance refunding of the Series 2010 VRA bond. In addition, the Jail Authority has two leases outstanding with balances of \$116,696 at year-end. For more detailed information on long-term debt activity refer to Note 6 of the notes to these financial statements.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more are capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives using the straight-line method. As of June 30, 2025, capital assets, accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense totaled \$70,728,485, \$20,321,934 and \$1,641,147, respectively. For more detailed information on capital assets activity refer to Note 5 of the notes to these financial statements.

JAIL AUTHORITY'S PER DIEM RATES

The debt service component and the operating component of the per diem charge is invoiced quarterly by the Jail Authority in advance of service and is payable no later than the last day of the first month of each calendar quarter. The Member Jurisdictions agree to pay their ratable share of the per diem charge as budgeted by the Jail Authority in accordance with the percentages established annually, notwithstanding the actual number of offenders committed or expected to be committed to the system, subject to a fiscal year-end adjustment to reflect annual use of the system. The operational per diem rates were \$45.61 and \$42.30 for 2025 and 2024, respectively. The debt service per diem rates were \$24.51 and \$22.87 for 2025 and 2024, respectively.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide interested parties with a general overview of the Jail Authority's finances. Should you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the Finance Director, 9000 Boydton Plank Road, Alberta, VA 23821.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

	_	Operating	_(Commissary	_	Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,447,787	\$	-	\$	25,447,787
Held in escrow with trustee		54,412		-		54,412
Accounts receivable		453,720		-		453,720
Prepaid expense		162,158		-		162,158
Due from localities		160,178		-		160,178
Due from state		563,609		-		563,609
Cash held for employees - restricted		1,323		-		1,323
Cash held for inmates - restricted	_	-	_	322,724	_	322,724
Total current assets	\$_	26,843,187	\$	322,724	\$_	27,165,911
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,530,058	\$	-	\$	1,530,058
Restricted investments		998,929		-		998,929
Net pension asset		5,199,315		-		5,199,315
Net OPEB asset		80,687		-		80,687
Capital assets:						
Land		1,061,626		-		1,061,626
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	49,344,925			_	49,344,925
Net capital assets	\$_	50,406,551	\$		\$_	50,406,551
Total noncurrent assets	\$_	58,215,540	\$	-	\$_	58,215,540
Total assets	\$_	85,058,727	\$	322,724	\$_	85,381,451
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	\$	529,393	\$	-	\$	529,393
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		95,849		-		95,849
Deferred charge on refunding		1,417,967		-		1,417,967
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	2,043,209	\$	-	\$	2,043,209

Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2025

	_	Operating	_(Commissary	_	Total
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	170,776	\$	_	\$	170,776
Claims payable	*	42,023	*	-	•	42,023
Due to localities		1,618,541		-		1,618,541
Due to members		454,015		-		454,015
Accrued payroll		23,343		-		23,343
Current portion of compensated absences		108,848		-		108,848
Current portion of long-term debt		1,558,125		-		1,558,125
Current portion of retiree medical plan		21,000		-		21,000
Interest payable		319,717		-		319,717
Total current liabilities	\$	4,316,388	\$	-	\$	4,316,388
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Bonds and leases payable, net of current portion	\$	30,178,301	\$	_	\$	30,178,301
Compensated absences, net of current portion	Ψ	979,634	Ψ	_	Ψ	979,634
Net OPEB liabilities		230,338		_		230,338
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	31,388,273	\$	-	\$_	31,388,273
Total liabilities	¢	25 704 661	¢		\$	25 704 661
Total Habilities	\$_	35,704,661	\$		y –	35,704,661
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	\$	439,059	\$	_	\$	439,059
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		137,907		-		137,907
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	576,966	\$	-	\$	576,966
NET POSITION						
Not investment in conital agests	\$	24 752 021	\$		\$	24 752 021
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for pension benefits	Þ	24,753,921 5,199,315	Ф	-	Ф	24,753,921 5,199,315
Restricted for retiree benefits		80,687		-		80,687
Restricted for inmate benefits		-		322,724		322,724
Unrestricted		20,786,386		322,12 4		20,786,386
Total net position	\$	50,820,309	\$	322,724	\$	51,143,033

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2025

	_	Operating	_	Commissary	_	Total
Operating revenues:	Φ	766.205	ф		Φ	766.205
Charges for services	\$	766,205	\$	-	\$	766,205
Local share of jail operations		4,661,495		-		4,661,495
State share of jail operations		9,794,209		-		9,794,209
Miscellaneous	-	45,274	-	52,108	-	97,382
Total operating revenues	\$_	15,267,183	\$	52,108	\$_	15,319,291
Operating expenses:						
Personnel	\$	5,821,161	\$	-	\$	5,821,161
Fringes		1,715,118		-		1,715,118
Contractual		3,222,050		13,860		3,235,910
Other charges		2,261,110		71,168		2,332,278
Depreciation	_	1,641,174			_	1,641,174
Total operating expenses	\$_	14,660,613	\$	85,028	\$_	14,745,641
Net operating income (loss)	\$_	606,570	\$	(32,920)	\$_	573,650
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Local share of debt service	\$	2,504,491	\$	-	\$	2,504,491
Interest and investment earnings (losses)		759,027		172		759,199
Interest expense	_	(1,190,218)			_	(1,190,218)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$_	2,073,300	\$	172	\$_	2,073,472
Change in net position	\$_	2,679,870	\$	(32,748)	\$_	2,647,122
Net position, beginning of year, as originally reported	\$_	48,665,527	\$	355,472	\$_	49,020,999
Restatement for GASB 101 Implementation	\$_	(525,088)	\$		\$_	(525,088)
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	\$_	48,140,439	\$	355,472	\$_	48,495,911
Net position, end of year	\$ _	50,820,309	\$	322,724	\$ _	51,143,033

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2025

	_	Operating	<u>C</u>	ommissary	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Charges for services	\$	804,721	\$	52,108 \$	
Receipts from localities		4,809,651		-	4,809,651
Receipts from state Payments to suppliers		10,804,146		(95.029)	10,804,146
Payments to employees		(5,543,108) (8,677,886)		(85,028)	(5,628,136) (8,677,886)
	-	· ·	_		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	2,197,524	\$_	(32,920) \$	2,164,604
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Local share of debt service	\$	2,504,491	\$	- \$	2,504,491
Principal paid on capital debt		(1,195,000)		-	(1,195,000)
Principal paid on leases		(48,865)		-	(48,865)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases		(1,311,499)		-	(1,311,499)
Purchase of capital assets		(285,976)		-	(285,976)
Debt service paid to escrow agent	_	306	_		306
Net cash provided by (used for) capital & related financing activities	\$_	(336,543)	\$	\$	(336,543)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest and investment earnings	\$	742,108	\$	172 \$	742,280
Money market mutual fund activity	_	(9)	_		(9)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$_	742,099	\$_	172 \$	742,271
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,603,080	\$	(32,748) \$	2,570,332
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year (including restricted)	_	24,376,088	_	355,472	24,731,560
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year (including restricted)	\$_	26,979,168	\$_	322,724 \$	27,301,892

Statement of Cash Flow Year Ended June 30, 2025 (Continued)

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

	_	Operating	Commissary	Total
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	606,570 \$	(32,920) \$	573,650
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by				
(used for) operating activities				
Depreciation		1,641,174	-	1,641,174
Change in operating assets and liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows:				
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable		(319,569)	-	(319,569)
Prepaid expense		27	-	27
Due from localities		(7,722)	-	(7,722)
Due from state		1,004,078	-	1,004,078
Net pension asset		(328,159)	-	(328,159)
Net OPEB asset		(13,198)	-	(13,198)
Deferred outflows - pension related		(26,791)	-	(26,791)
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		2,225	-	2,225
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		(59,975)	-	(59,975)
Claims payable		(2,163)	-	(2,163)
Due to localities/members		155,878	-	155,878
Compensated absences		76,480	-	76,480
Accrued payroll		13,075	-	13,075
Net OPEB liabilities		(26,387)	-	(26,387)
Deferred inflows - pension related		(496,485)	-	(496,485)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	_	(21,534)		(21,534)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	2,197,524 \$	(32,920) \$	2,164,604
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Equipment donation	\$	94,000 \$	- \$	94,000
Assets acquired through lease	\$	133,033 \$	- \$	133,033

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2025

	Custodial Inmate Trust Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$176,035_
Total assets	\$ 176,035
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$
Total liabilities	\$41,340_
NET POSITION	
Restricted for inmates	\$134,695_
Total net position	\$ 134,695

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2025

	т –	Custodial nmate Trust Funds
ADDITIONS		
Contributions: Inmate deposits	\$	541,071
Total contributions	\$	541,071
Investment earnings:		
Interest	\$	92
Total investment earnings	\$	92
Total additions	\$	541,163
DEDUCTIONS		
Commissary payments	\$	171,773
Inmate phone payments		167,413
Paid to vendors on behalf of inmates		142
Fund sweep to Meherrin River Regional Jail		122,395
Paid to inmates (release/stipend/mail funds request) Court payments for inmates		92,393 4,203
Total deductions	\$	558,319
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(17,156)
Net position, beginning of year	\$	151,851
Net position, end of year	\$	134,695

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The Financial Reporting Entity

The Brunswick-Dinwiddie-Mecklenburg Regional Jail Authority was created pursuant to Article 3.1, Chapter 3, Title 53.1, Code of Virginia (1950), as amended by resolutions duly adopted by the governing bodies of the Counties of Brunswick, Dinwiddie, and Mecklenburg for the purpose of developing a new regional jail to be operated on behalf of the Member Jurisdictions by the Jail Authority. On June 24, 2008, the Jail Authority's name was changed to the Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority. The Board is governed by three members (including the County Administrator and Sheriff) from each of the participating localities and conforms to the statutory provisions of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended. The Jail Authority is considered to be a Jointly Governed Organization of the above localities because each locality is equally represented on the Board. Construction of the main facility in Alberta, Virginia was completed in early July 2012 at which time the participating localities began sending inmates to the facility. In addition, construction of the satellite facility in Boydton, Virginia was completed in January 2013. The Jail Authority is responsible for operational and debt services costs. Operational costs are paid quarterly and a true-up is done at year end based on actual inmate populations for each locality. The Regional Jail bills each locality a per diem rate based upon the number of inmates sent to the facility. The per diem rates include components for both operating and debt service expenses.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Basis of Accounting:

The Jail Authority uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting for financial reporting purposes for both enterprise and fiduciary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Operating revenues and expenses are defined as those items that result from providing services and include all transactions and events which are not capital and related financing, noncapital financing or investing activities. Nonoperating revenues are defined as grants, investment and other income. Nonoperating expenses are defined as capital and noncapital related financing and other expenses.

Commissary funds are restricted for the benefit of inmates. Expenses paid with these funds include recreational and educational supplies, taxi services, counseling, and other items benefiting the inmates.

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds) account for assets held by the Jail Authority in a trustee capacity or as custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Custodial Funds, which consist of the Inmate Trust Funds. Fiduciary funds are not included in the enterprise financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Jail Authority's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Jail Authority considers demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Restricted cash and investments represent required debt service reserves for VRA Bonds, as well as cash held for employees and inmate benefits.

C. Investments:

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

D. Capital Assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of gift. The Jail Authority's capitalization threshold is \$5,000.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Costs of construction include legal, bond and loan closing costs, plus interest costs less interest earned on construction funds during the period of construction.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of each asset class as follows:

Buildings and improvements 50 years
Land/site improvements 20 years
Equipment, furniture and fixtures 5 to 20 years
Vehicles 5 years
Intangibles 5 years
Lease equipment 5 years

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenses that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

E. Leases:

The Jail Authority recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) with an initial value of \$5,000, individually or in the aggregate, in the financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Jail Authority uses the interest rate stated in lease contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the Jail Authority uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease terms include the noncancellable period of the lease and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease liability.

The Jail Authority monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases. The Jail Authority the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

F. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Bond Premium:

A premium of \$4,908,336 resulted from the refunding of bonds issued in association with the financing of jail construction. The premium is being amortized using the effective interest method over the life of the bond issue of 25 years. Amortization for FY 2025 totaled \$279,327. The balance of the unamortized bond premium at June 30, 2025 is \$2,284,730.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

H. Net Position:

Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

I. Net Position Flow Assumption:

Sometimes the Jail Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Jail Authority's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

J. Vacation, Sick, and Holiday Leave:

The Jail Authority recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that (1) has been earned for services previously rendered by employees, (2) accumulates and is allowed to be carried over to subsequent years, and (3) is more likely than not to be used as time off or settled (for example paid in cash to the employee or payment to an employee flex spending account) during or upon separation from employment. Based on the criteria listed, two types of leave qualify for liability recognition for compensated absences – vacation and sick leave. The liability for compensated absences is reported as incurred in the financial statements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

Jail Authority employees will earn vacation and sick leave in varying amounts on a semi-monthly basis, based upon length of service. Annual carryover limitations apply to vacation hours but not to sick leave. Employees are compensated for unused vacation and sick leave upon separation, retirement or death based upon years of service and are limited to a maximum dollar amount. Holidays earned by an employee, classified as essential personnel, will be those days specified by the Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority to be taken. All non-essential personnel, as designated by the Superintendent, will take the thirteen scheduled holidays granted per year unless ordered otherwise.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

K. Budget:

The Superintendent must submit a balanced budget to the Jail Authority on or before January 1st each year. The budget denotes per diem rates charged to member jurisdictions, and line item revenues and expenses. The Jail Authority must adopt a final budget on or before June 30th each year.

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resource, represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Jail Authority has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding. A deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resource, represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Jail Authority has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Certain items related to pension and OPEB are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on this item, reference the related notes.

M. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Jail Authority's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Jail Authority's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB):

For purposes of measuring the VRS related net OPEB asset and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI and HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize the Jail Authority to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investor Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc., banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk of Investments:

The Jail Authority does not have a policy related to the credit risk of investments.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities:

The Jail Authority's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2025 were rated by Standard & Poor's and the ratings are presented below using Standard & Poor's rating scale.

Rated Debt Investments Value		Fair Quality Ratings
	_	AAAm
Money market mutual funds	\$	19
State Non-Arbitrage Pool		1,530,058
Local Government Investment Pool		13,424,140
Total	\$	14,954,217

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk:

The Jail Authority does not have a policy related to interest rate risk.

			Less than 1
	_	Value	 Year
U. S. Treasury Securities	\$	998,910	\$ 998,910
State Non-Arbitrage Pool		1,530,058	1,530,058
Local Government Investment Pool	_	13,424,139	 13,424,139
Total	\$_	15,953,107	\$ 15,953,107

External Investment Pools:

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP)) is the same as the values of the pool shares. As LGIP and SNAP are not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pools rest with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP and SNAP are amortized cost basis portfolios. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Jail Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The Jail Authority maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1. Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at a measurement date
- Level 2. Directly or indirectly observable inputs for the asset or liability other than quoted prices
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity for the asset or liability

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk.

Change in Fair Value of Investments:

Fair value at 6/30/25	\$ 998,910
Less: Money market mutual fund activity	(9)
Add: Proceeds for investments sold	-
Less: Cost of Investments purchased	-
Less: Fair value at 6/30/24	 982,000
	 _
Change in fair value of investments	\$ 16,919

The Jail Authority has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2025:

				Fair Value Measurement Using						
Investment		6/30/2025	_	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
U. S. Treasury Securities	\$	998,910	\$	998,910	\$	- \$	-			
Money Market Mutual Funds	_	19	_	19						
Total	\$	998,929	\$	998,929	\$	- \$	-			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	_	Balance July 1, 2024		Increases	_	Decreases		Reclassification	J	Balance June 30, 2025
Capital assets not being depreciated:	ф	1.061.606	ф		Ф		Φ.			1 0 61 60 6
Land	\$_	1,061,626	\$		\$_	-	\$	\$	_	1,061,626
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	1,061,626	\$		\$_	-	\$	\$		1,061,626
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Land/site improvements - fencing	\$	20,504	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$		20,504
Buildings and improvements		65,203,786		-		-		-		65,203,786
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures		2,240,868		245,673		-		311,598		2,798,139
Vehicles		1,037,336		134,303		75,560		-		1,096,079
Intangibles		362,253		-		-		-		362,253
Lease equipment	_	364,663		133,033	_	_		(311,598)		186,098
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	69,229,410	\$	513,009	\$_	75,560	\$	\$		69,666,859
Less: Accumulated depreciation										
Land/site improvements - fencing	\$	13,326	\$	1,025	\$	-	\$	- \$		14,351
Buildings and improvements		15,680,673		1,308,536		-		-		16,989,209
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures		1,567,028		190,259		-		292,897		2,050,184
Vehicles		804,766		97,059		75,560		-		826,265
Intangibles		362,253		-		-		-		362,253
Lease equipment	_	328,274		44,295	_	-		(292,897)	_	79,672
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	18,756,320	\$	1,641,174	\$_	75,560	\$	- \$		20,321,934
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$_	50,473,090	\$	(1,128,165)	\$_	_	\$	\$		49,344,925
Total capital assets	\$_	51,534,716	\$	(1,128,165)	\$_	-	\$	\$		50,406,551

At June 30, 2025, the Jail Authority had idle assets with a net book value of \$9,078,402. Due to reduced staffing levels during the COVID pandemic, inmates were pulled from the Mecklenburg facility and are still housed at the Alberta facility.

Reconciliation of Net Investment in Capital Assets:

Net Capital Assets	\$ 50,406,551
Outstanding Bonds, Loan and Leases	(31,736,426)
Deferred Charge on Refunding	1,417,967
Unspent Proceeds - DSRF Deposit	2,532,031
Proceeds Spent on Operations	2,133,798
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 24,753,921

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	Balance July 1, 2024	Restatement	Restated Balance July 1, 2024	Issuances	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2025	Due Within One Year
Direct borrowings and placements:							
Revenue bonds	\$ 30,530,000 \$	- \$	30,530,000 \$	- \$	1,195,000 \$	29,335,000 \$	1,255,000
Add:							
Unamortized bond premium	2,564,057	<u>-</u>	2,564,057		279,327	2,284,730	265,935
Total direct borrowings and placements	\$ 33,094,057 \$	- \$	33,094,057 \$	- \$	1,474,327 \$	31,619,730 \$	1,520,935
Lease liabilities	32,528	-	32,528	133,033	48,865	116,696	37,190
Compensated absences *	486,914	525,088	1,012,002	76,480	-	1,088,482	108,848
Net OPEB liabilities	277,725	<u>-</u>	277,725	149,176	175,563	251,338	21,000
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 33,891,224 \$	525,088 \$	34,416,312 \$	358,689 \$	1,698,755 \$	33,076,246 \$	1,687,973

^{*} The change in compensated absences above is a net change for the year.

Default Provisions

The outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements contain a provision that in an event of default, the entire unpaid principal and interest amounts become immediately due if the Jail Authority is unable to make payment, but only from the collateral and other funds specifically pledged. If any installment of principal of and interest on is not paid to the registered owner within ten days after its due date, the Jail Authority shall pay a late payment charge in an amount equal to five percent (5.0%) of the overdue installment.

If any failure of the Authority to pay all or any portion of any required payment of the principal of or premium, if any, or interest results in a withdrawal from or a drawing on any Reserve (as defined in the Financing Agreement), the applicable interest rates shall be increased to interest rates sufficient to reimburse the Reserve for any foregone investment earnings on the funds withdrawn therefrom and pay any interest, fees or penalties assessed as a result of the withdrawal from or drawing on the Reserve.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

		Direct Borrowing	gs and Pla	acements						
Year Ending		Revenu	e Bonds		Lease Liabilities			Total		
June 30,		Principal	In	terest	Principal		Interest	Principal	Interest	
2026	\$	1,255,000	\$	1,246,709	\$ 37,190	\$	8,677 \$	1,292,190 \$	1,255,386	
2027		1,325,000		1,180,597	24,490		6,360	1,349,490	1,186,957	
2028		1,390,000		1,111,025	26,450		4,401	1,416,450	1,115,426	
2029		1,465,000		1,037,866	28,566		2,285	1,493,566	1,040,151	
2030		1,545,000		960,734	-		-	1,545,000	960,734	
2031-2035		8,930,000		3,584,219	-		-	8,930,000	3,584,219	
2036-2040		10,970,000		1,542,113	-		-	10,970,000	1,542,113	
2041	_	2,455,000		47,597				2,455,000	47,597	
Total	\$_	29,335,000 \$	S	10,710,860	\$ 116,696	\$	21,723 \$	29,451,696 \$	10,732,583	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

		Total
Direct Borrowings and Placements: Revenue Bonds Payable:	_	
\$33,770,000 VRA refunding bonds, Series 2016 issued November 16, 2016, interest at rates ranging from 3.375% to 5.125%, maturing in various quarterly installments ranging from \$23,798 to \$1,251,298 through October 10, 2040.	\$	29,335,000
Add: Unamortized bond premium	_	2,284,730
Total direct borrowings and placements	\$_	31,619,730
Lease Liabilities:		
\$53,065 lease agreement for nine copiers, dated 4/11/23, due in varying monthly installments ranging from \$62 to \$290 beginning April 2023, with an implicit interest rate of 8.23%. \$133,033 lease agreement for scale server, dated 10/28/24, due in five annual installments of	\$	14,514
\$30,851 beginning November 2024, with an implicit interest rate of 8.00%.	_	102,182
Total lease liabilities	\$_	116,696
Compensated Absences	\$	1,088,482
Net OPEB liabilities	_	251,338
Total long-term obligations	\$_	33,076,246

Advance Refunding

In November 2016, the Jail Authority issued a \$33,770,000 revenue bond with interest rates ranging from 3.88% to 5.125%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$33,790,000 of an outstanding VRA Series 2010B, revenue bond which had interest rates ranging from 2.25% to 5.20%. The net proceeds of \$38,816,034 (including a \$4,908,336 premium, \$137,699 Debt Service Reserve Fund release, and after payment of \$294,031 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded portion of the bond. As a result, this portion of the VRA Series 2010B revenue bond is considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position. The VRA Series 2010B remaining unrefunded portion of \$2,990,000 was being paid until the callable maturity date in 2020, with final payment made in fiscal year 2021.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$3,046,250. This amount is reported as the deferred charge on refunding and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt. The jail advance refunded the VRA Series 2010B revenue bond to reduce its total debt service payments over 25 years by \$4,364,753 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$2,901,052.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 7 – CONTRIBUTIONS FROM OTHERS:

The member localities of Brunswick County, Dinwiddie County, and Mecklenburg County contributed \$2,493,477 for the construction of the Mecklenburg satellite facility. The remaining balance of \$454,015 is shown as Due to Members on the Statement of Net Position.

The member localities of Brunswick County, Dinwiddie County, and Mecklenburg County contributed \$2,504,491 for debt service during FY 2025.

	_	Amount
Member Contributions Boydton Local Share of Debt Service	\$	2,504,491
Total	\$_	2,504,491

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Jail Authority are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Benefit Structures: (Continued)

- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation, and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation, and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation, and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	19
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	27
Non-vested inactive members	164
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	86
Total inactive members	277
Active members	91
Total covered employees	387

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The Jail Authority's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2025 was 7.47% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from Jail Authority were \$401,502 and \$466,030 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively.

The defined contributions component of the Hybrid plan includes member and employer mandatory and voluntary contributions. The Hybrid plan member must contribute a mandatory rate of 1% of their covered payroll. The employer must also contribute a mandatory rate of 1% of this covered payroll, which totaled \$6,178 for the year ended June 30, 2025. Hybrid plan members may also elect to contribute an additional voluntary rate of up to 4% of their covered payroll; which would require the employer a mandatory additional contribution rate of up to 2.5%. This additional employer mandatory contribution totaled \$4,984 for the year ended June 30, 2025. The total Hybrid plan participant covered payroll totaled \$617,757 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Net Pension Asset

The net pension asset or liability (NPA or NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For Jail Authority, the net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2023, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024.

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees: (Continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
retirement healthy, and disabled)	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate
	rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final
	retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service
	decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits: (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality
	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final
	retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and
	service to rates based on service only to better fit
	experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest
	10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	32.00%	6.70%	2.14%
Fixed Income	16.00%	5.40%	0.86%
Credit Strategies	16.00%	8.10%	1.30%
Real Assets	15.00%	7.20%	1.08%
Private Equity	15.00%	8.70%	1.31%
PIP - Private Investment Partnerships	1.00%	8.00%	0.08%
Diversifying Strategies	6.00%	5.80%	0.35%
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.06%
Leverage	-3.00%	3.50%	-0.11%
Total	100.00%		7.07%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	7.07%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.07% (includes 2.50% inflation assumption). However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median rate of return of 7.10%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the employer contribution rate was 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuations. From July 1, 2024 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Asset

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 8,447,996	\$	13,319,152 \$	(4,871,156)	
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	\$ 871,107	\$	- \$	871,107	
Interest	624,167		-	624,167	
Differences between expected					
and actual experience	218,593		-	218,593	
Contributions - employer	-		466,042	(466,042)	
Contributions - employee	-		258,021	(258,021)	
Net investment income	-		1,324,808	(1,324,808)	
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions	(144,366)		(144,366)	-	
Administrative expenses	-		(7,184)	7,184	
Other changes	 -		339	(339)	
Net changes	\$ 1,569,501	\$_	1,897,660 \$	(328,159)	
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 10,017,497	\$	15,216,812 \$	(5,199,315)	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension asset of the Jail Authority using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Jail Authority's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
-	1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	1.00% Increase (7.75%)			
Meherrin River Regional Jail's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	(\$3,629,986)	(\$5,199,315)	(\$6,446,823)			

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Jail Authority recognized pension expense of (\$499,921). At June 30, 2025, the Jail Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	127,891	\$ 86,561
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	352,498
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	401,502	 <u> </u>
Total	\$_	529,393	\$ 439,059

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

\$401,502 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Jail Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a component of the Net Pension Asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2026	\$ (278,005)
2027	125,250
2028	(77,126)
2029	(81,287)
2030	_
Thereafter	_

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2024 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2024 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2024-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB):

HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN:

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Plan Description: (Continued)

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	12
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	1
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	66
Total inactive members	79
Active members	91
Total covered employees	170

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The Jail Authority's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2025 was 0.00% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the Jail Authority to the HIC Plan were \$0 and \$3,704 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Asset

The Jail Authority's net HIC OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2023, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

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Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased
retirement healthy, and disabled)	disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements,
	replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement
	age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to
	rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more
	consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	32.00%	6.70%	2.14%
Fixed Income	16.00%	5.40%	0.86%
Credit Strategies	16.00%	8.10%	1.30%
Real Assets	15.00%	7.20%	1.08%
Private Equity	15.00%	8.70%	1.31%
PIP - Private Investment Partnerships	1.00%	8.00%	0.08%
Diversifying Strategies	6.00%	5.80%	0.35%
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.06%
Leverage	-3.00%	3.50%	-0.11%
Total	100.00%		7.07%
	Expected ar	thmetic nominal return**	7.07%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.07%. (includes 2.50% inflation assumption). However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.10%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2024 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Asset

	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	70,094	\$	137,583	\$	(67,489)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	3,479	\$	-	\$	3,479
Interest		4,924		-		4,924
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(4,975)		-		(4,975)
Contributions - employer		-		3,694		(3,694)
Net investment income		-		13,115		(13,115)
Benefit payments		(1,252)		(1,252))	-
Administrative expenses		-		(183)		183
Net changes	\$	2,176	\$	15,374	\$	(13,198)
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$	72,270	\$	152,957	\$	(80,687)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Jail Authority's HIC Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The follow presents the Jail Authority's HIC Plan net HIC OPEB asset using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Jail Authority's net HIC OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate			
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase	
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	
Jail Authority's Net				
HIC OPEB Asset	\$ (69,052) \$	(80,687) \$	(90,099)	

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Jail Authority recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of (\$3,772). At June 30, 2025, the Jail Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Jail Authority's HIC Plan from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	18,135	\$ 26,569
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		-	2,901
Change in assumptions		1,747	23,099
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	-	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$_	19,882	\$ 52,569

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the Jail Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a component of the Net HIC OPEB Asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2026	\$ (3,816)
2027	223
2028	(3,942)
2029	(7,954)
2030	(6,797)
Thereafter	(10,401)

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2024 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2024 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2024-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN:

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,532 as of June 30, 2025.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.18% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.71% (1.18% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.47% (1.18% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2025 was 0.47% of covered employee compensation. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the entity were \$25,476 and \$28,415 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2025, the Jail Authority reported a liability of \$230,438 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2024 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2023, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2024, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2024, the participating employer's proportion was .02065% as compared to .01963% at June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of (\$8,046). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2025, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	36,345	\$ 5,629
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments		-	19,424
Change in assumptions		1,313	11,420
Changes in proportionate share		12,833	48,865
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	25,476	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$_	75,967	\$ 85,338

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$25,476 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2026	\$	(27,892)
2027		(10,042)
2028		(3,847)
2029		1,510
2030		5,424
Thereafter		-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
	mending minanon

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan	
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
Withdrawar Rates	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability
retirement healthy, and disabled)	life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a
*	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age
	from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to
	rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more
	consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2024, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	GI	LI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	4,196,055 3,080,133
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,115,922
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		73.41%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	32.00%	6.70%	2.14%
Fixed Income	16.00%	5.40%	0.86%
Credit Strategies	16.00%	8.10%	1.30%
Real Assets	15.00%	7.20%	1.08%
Private Equity	15.00%	8.70%	1.31%
PIP - Private Investment Partnerships	1.00%	8.00%	0.08%
Diversifying Strategies	6.00%	5.80%	0.35%
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.06%
Leverage	-3.00%	3.50%	-0.11%
Total	100.00%		7.07%
	Expected ari	thmetic nominal return**	7.07%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.07% (includes 2.50% inflation assumption). However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.10%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the rate contributed by the Jail Authority for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 113% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2024 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 Kate				
	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
Jail Authority's proportionate share	 _				_
of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$ 358,361	\$	230,438	\$	127,093

GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2024 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2024 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at https://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2024-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA)

The Line of Duty Act (LODA) provides death and healthcare benefits to certain law enforcement and rescue personnel, and their beneficiaries, who were disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Funding of LODA benefits is provided by employers in one of two ways: (a) participation in the Line of Duty and Health Benefits Trust Fund (LODA Fund), administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or (b) self-funding by the employer or through an insurance company.

The Jail Authority has elected to provide LODA benefits through an insurance company. The obligation for the payment of benefits has been effectively transferred from the Jail Authority to VACORP. VACORP assumes all liability for the Jail Authority's LODA claims that are approved by VRS. The pool purchases reinsurance to protect the pool from extreme claims costs.

The current-year OPEB expense for the insured benefits is defined as the amount of premiums or other payments required for the insured benefits for the reporting period in accordance with the agreement with the insurance company for LODA and a change in liability to the insurer equal to the difference between amounts recognized as OPEB expense and amounts paid by the employer to the insurer. The Jail Authority's LODA coverage is fully covered or "insured" through VACORP. This is built into the LODA coverage cost presented in the annual renewals. The Jail Authority's LODA premium for the year ended June 30, 2025 was \$44,847.

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 8 and VRS OPEB benefits already discussed, the Jail Authority administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The Meherrin River Regional Jail Retiree Medical Plan. The plan provides health insurance benefits to retired employees and their beneficiaries through an employer plan established July 1, 2013. This plan is limited to retirees that were hired on or before July 1, 2012, with a minimum retiree age of 55 and a minimum of 15 years of service. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Post-employment benefits provided to eligible retirees include Medical, Dental, and Vision insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. Retirees are responsible for paying 100% of their monthly premiums. Retirees will be covered based on the level of coverage they had while employed at the jail. The jail may change or terminate any portion of this plan at any time. The plan is closed to new entrants.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2024 (valuation date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	2
Active members	
Total	2

Contributions

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the Jail Authority Board. The amount paid by the Jail Authority for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2025 was \$0.

Total OPEB Liability

The Jail Authority's total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2024. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2024.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate 4.09%

Healthcare Trend Rate 6.75% for fiscal year 2025, decreasing .25% per year to an

ultimate rate of 5.00%

Salary Increases 2.50%

Mortality rates are based on PUB-2010 Amount-Weighted General Mortality Tables for employees and retirees.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

Since the plan has no assets, the discount rate is equal to the Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of the measurement date.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 42,300
Changes for the year:	
Interest	\$ 1,600
Difference between expected and actual experience	(23,000)
Net changes	\$ (21,400)
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 20,900

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the Jail Authority, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.09%) or one percentage point higher (5.09%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (3.09%)	Current Discount Rate (4.09%)	1% Increase (5.09%)
s —	21.000 \$	20.900 \$	20.800

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB): (CONTINUED)

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Jail Authority, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 4.00%) or one percentage point higher (7.75% decreasing to 6.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

_		Rates	
		Healthcare Cost	_
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(5.75% to 4.00%)	(6.75% to 5.00%)	(7.75% to 6.00%)
\$	20,900 \$	20,900 \$	20,900

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Jail Authority recognized OPEB expense in the amount of (\$18,100). At June 30, 2025, the Jail Authority reported no deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to this plan.

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

OPEB AGGREGATE TOTALS:

	Net OPEB Asset		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Net OPEB Liabilities	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Expense
HIC	\$ 80,687	\$	19,882	\$	-	\$	52,569	\$	(3,772)
GLI	-		75,967		230,438		85,338		(8,046)
Retiree Plan	_	_	-	_	20,900	_	_	_	(18,100)
Totals	\$ 80,687	\$	95,849	\$	251,338	\$	137,907	\$	(29,918)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 10 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES:

Jail Authority employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In addition, certain employees accrue compensation time for overtime hours worked. In the event of termination, employees are reimbursed for their unused accumulated vacation and compensation time.

The Jail Authority had outstanding vacation and compensation time pay totaling \$1,088,482 as of June 30, 2025 and considers 10% of the balance to be a current liability.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT / SELF INSURANCE:

The Jail Authority's risk management program involves maintaining comprehensive insurance coverage and identifying and monitoring loss exposure. The Jail Authority's comprehensive property, boiler and machinery, automobile, business interruption, inland marine and worker's compensation insurance is provided through the Virginia Association of Counties (VACO). The purpose of the association is to create and administer group self-insurance pools for political subdivisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia pursuant to the authority provided in Chapter 11.1 of Title 15.1 of the Code of Virginia. The association is managed by a seven-member supervisory Board, who is elected by members at their annual meeting. Annual rates are based on estimated claims and reserve requirements. Pool deficits, should they materialize, will be eliminated through the levying of an additional assessment upon association members.

General liability and faithful performance of duty bond coverages are provided by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of General Services, and Division of Risk Management. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Employee Health Insurance:

Health Insurance coverage is provided to Jail employees through the Jail Authority's self-insured health insurance program. The Jail Authority changed to a self-insured Health Insurance program as of July 1, 2014. The Jail has contracted with private carriers to administer this activity. Health Insurance expenses represent premium payments to the private carrier. The premium payments are based on the number insured and benefits.

Claims liability is reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims and other economic and social factors. Incurred but not reported claims have been accrued as a liability based upon prior history and estimates from the insurance carrier. Changes in the estimated claims liability for fiscal years 2025, 2024 and 2023 are listed as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Estimated Claims Liability Beginning of Fiscal Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Estimated Claims Liability End of Fiscal Year
June 30, 2025 June 30, 2024 June 30, 2023	\$ 44,186 193,971 106,485	\$ 1,131,112 1,562,544 1,509,923	\$ 1,133,275 1,712,329 1,422,437	\$ 42,023 44,186 193,971

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT / SELF INSURANCE: (CONTINUED)

Unemployment Insurance:

The Jail Authority is fully self-insured for unemployment claims. The Virginia Employment Commission bills the Jail Authority for all unemployment claims. As of June 30, 2025, the Jail Authority has incurred no liability for billed but unpaid claims. No liability has been recorded for estimated unreported claims. The amount of estimated unreported claims is not expected to be significant.

NOTE 12 – LITIGATION:

At June 30, 2025, there were no matters of litigation involving the Jail Authority which would materially affect the Jail Authority's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

NOTE 13 – DUE FROM (TO) OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

Amounts due from (to) other governments at June 30, 2025 are as follows:

	_	From (To)
Localities		
Member Jurisdictions		
Brunswick County-per diem	\$	(1,248,130)
Dinwiddie County-per diem		155,878
Mecklenburg County-per diem		(370,410)
Member Contributions Boydton	_	(454,015)
Total due from (to) member jurisdictions	\$	(1,916,677)
Other jurisdictions		4,299
Total due from (to) localities	\$_	(1,912,378)
Due from State		
Virginia Compensation Board	\$	557,540
Virginia Department of Corrections	_	6,069
Total due from state	\$_	563,609
Total	\$_	(1,348,769)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2025 (Continued)

NOTE 14 – ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE:

During the current year, the Jail Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. In addition to the value of unused vacation time owed to employees upon separation of employment, the Jail Authority now recognizes an estimated amount of sick leave earned as of year-end that will be used by employees as time off in future years as part of the liability for compensated absences. The change in accounting principle resulted in the following restatement of net position:

Net Position, July 1, 2024, as previously stated GASB 101 Implementation
Net Position, July 1, 2024, as restated

Enterprise Funds										
	Operating	Commissary		Total						
\$	48,665,527 \$	355,472	\$	49,020,999						
	(525,088)	-		(525,088)						
\$	48,140,439 \$	355,472	\$	48,495,911						

NOTE 15 – UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, requires certain types of assets (lease assets, subscription assets, intangible right-to-use assets, and other intangible assets) to be disclosed separately in the capital asset note disclosures by major class of underlying asset. It also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Implementation Guide No. 2025-1, *Implementation Guidance Update—2025,* effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Asset and Related Ratios VRS Pension Plan

Measurement Dates of June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

	2024	2023		2022	2021	2020
Total pension liability			ı			
Service cost	\$ 871,107	\$ 789,280	\$	805,787	\$ 833,317	\$ 943,053
Interest	624,167	575,705		592,574	479,059	401,756
Differences between expected and actual experience	218,593	(581,191)		(1,449,563)	(585,390)	(1,988)
Assumption changes	-	-		-	379,421	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(144,366)	(150,969)	i	(213,425)	(247,552)	(147,646)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 1,569,501	\$ 632,825	\$	(264,627)	\$ 858,855	\$ 1,195,175
Total pension liability - beginning	8,447,996	7,815,171		8,079,798	7,220,943	6,025,768
Total pension liability- ending (a)	\$ 10,017,497	\$ 8,447,996	\$	7,815,171	\$ 8,079,798	\$ 7,220,943
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 466,042	\$ 406,391	\$	516,068	\$ 522,717	\$ 638,171
Contributions - employee	258,021	240,661		223,740	227,056	260,933
Net investment income	1,324,808	807,246		(29,901)	2,447,521	152,688
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(144,366)	(150,969)		(213,425)	(247,552)	(147,646)
Administrative expense	(7,184)	(7,405)		(6,870)	(5,445)	(4,371)
Other	339	330		283	237	(194)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 1,897,660	\$ 1,296,254	\$	489,895	\$ 2,944,534	\$ 899,581
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	13,319,152	12,022,898		11,533,003	8,588,469	7,688,888
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 15,216,812	\$ 13,319,152	\$	12,022,898	\$ 11,533,003	\$ 8,588,469
Authority's net pension asset - ending (b) - (a)	\$ (5,199,315)	\$ (4,871,156)	\$	(4,207,727)	\$ (3,453,205)	\$ (1,367,526)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability	151.90%	157.66%		153.84%	142.74%	118.94%
Covered payroll	\$ 5,275,658	\$ 4,591,610	\$	4,569,284	\$ 4,618,376	\$ 5,297,968
Authority's net pension asset as a percentage of covered payroll	-98.55%	-106.09%		-92.09%	-74.77%	-25.81%

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Asset and Related Ratios VRS Pension Plan

Measurement Dates of June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

		2019		2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability	,		,	•			
Service cost	\$	853,038	\$	877,929	\$ 951,239	\$ 951,308	\$ 997,772
Interest		336,211		283,344	243,788	187,566	112,780
Differences between expected and actual experience		(153,246)		(310,771)	(398,750)	(259,747)	(12,193)
Changes in assumptions		227,474		-	(116,033)	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(81,449)		(109,059)	(121,253)	(30,675)	(29,297)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	1,182,028	\$	741,443	\$ 558,991	\$ 848,452	\$ 1,069,062
Total pension liability - beginning		4,843,740		4,102,297	3,543,306	2,694,854	1,625,792
Total pension liability- ending (a)	\$	6,025,768	\$	4,843,740	\$ 4,102,297	\$ 3,543,306	\$ 2,694,854
Plan fiduciary net position						_	
Contributions - employer	\$	685,196	\$	579,289	\$ 583,584	\$ 628,942	\$ 638,952
Contributions - employee		279,796		244,748	247,096	264,372	270,366
Net investment income		472,398		406,623	536,453	79,790	118,736
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(81,449)		(109,059)	(121,253)	(30,675)	(29,297)
Administrative expense		(3,480)		(2,837)	(2,350)	(1,369)	(713)
Other		(307)		(393)	(510)	(28)	(28)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	1,352,154	\$	1,118,371	\$ 1,243,020	\$ 941,032	\$ 998,016
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,336,734		5,218,363	3,975,343	3,034,311	 2,036,295
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	7,688,888	\$	6,336,734	\$ 5,218,363	\$ 3,975,343	\$ 3,034,311
Authority's net pension asset - ending (b) - (a)	\$	(1,663,120)	\$	(1,492,994)	\$ (1,116,066)	\$ (432,037)	\$ (339,457)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total							
pension liability		127.60%		130.82%	127.21%	112.19%	112.60%
Covered payroll	\$	5,681,359	\$	4,929,397	\$ 4,956,500	\$ 5,288,557	\$ 5,372,071
Authority's net pension asset as a percentage of covered payroll		-29.27%		-30.29%	-22.52%	-8.17%	-6.32%

Schedule of Employer Contributions VRS Pension Plan Years Ended June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2025

Date	 Contractually Required Contribution (1)*	 Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2025	\$ 401,502	\$ 401,502	\$ -	\$ 5,374,829	7.47%
2024	466,030	466,030	-	5,275,658	8.83%
2023	406,398	406,398	-	4,591,610	8.85%
2022	516,525	516,525	-	4,569,284	11.30%
2021	522,236	522,236	-	4,618,376	11.31%
2020	638,162	638,162	-	5,297,968	12.05%
2019	685,197	685,197	-	5,681,359	12.06%
2018	579,064	579,064	-	4,929,397	11.75%
2017	584,374	584,374	-	4,956,500	11.79%
2016	629,338	629,338	-	5,288,557	11.90%

^{*} Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information VRS Pension Plan Year Ended June 30, 2025

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased
healthy, and disabled)	disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements,
	replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
	2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement
	age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service
	to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be
	more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of Changes in the Authority's Net OPEB Asset and Related Ratios VRS Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

		2024	2023	2022	2021
Total HIC OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$	3,479 \$	3,406 \$	5,832 \$	7,648
Interest		4,924	2,765	5,697	5,292
Differences between expected and actual experience		(4,975)	26,947	(18,633)	(13,611)
Changes in assumptions		-	-	(32,715)	1,891
Benefit payments	_	(1,252)	(1,164)	(1,211)	(927)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	2,176 \$	31,954 \$	(41,030) \$	293
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	_	70,094	38,140	79,170	78,877
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	72,270 \$	70,094 \$	38,140 \$	79,170
	_				
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	3,694 \$	3,213 \$	6,853 \$	6,928
Net investment income		13,115	7,948	15	24,906
Benefit payments		(1,252)	(1,164)	(1,211)	(927)
Administrative expense		(183)	(198)	(226)	(313)
Other		-	14	220	_
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	15,374 \$	9,813 \$	5,651 \$	30,594
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		137,583	127,770	122,119	91,525
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	152,957 \$	137,583 \$	127,770 \$	122,119
	=				
Authority's net HIC OPEB asset - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(80,687) \$	(67,489) \$	(89,630) \$	(42,949)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the					
total HIC OPEB liability		211.65%	196.28%	335.00%	154.25%
Covered payroll	\$	5,275,658 \$	4,591,610 \$	4,569,284 \$	4,618,376
Authority's net HIC OPEB asset as a percentage					
of covered payroll		-1.53%	-1.47%	-1.96%	-0.93%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in the Authority's Net OPEB Asset and Related Ratios VRS Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

		2020	2019	2018	2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability	_				
Service cost	\$	8,554 \$	8,639 \$	8,669 \$	9,947
Interest		4,300	3,084	2,813	2,193
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,766	6,530	(6,815)	-
Changes in assumptions		-	2,034	-	(3,225)
Benefit payments		(900)	(388)	(1,193)	1,077
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	14,720 \$	19,899 \$	3,474 \$	9,992
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	_	64,157	44,258	40,784	30,792
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	78,877 \$	64,157 \$	44,258 \$	40,784
	_				
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	8,477 \$	9,093 \$	8,872 \$	8,921
Net investment income		1,709	4,886	4,288	5,486
Benefit payments		(900)	(388)	(1,193)	1,077
Administrative expense		(175)	(110)	(111)	(102)
Other		(1)	(6)	(234)	234
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	9,110 \$	13,475 \$	11,622 \$	15,616
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		82,415	68,940	57,318	41,702
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	91,525 \$	82,415 \$	68,940 \$	57,318
	-				
Authority's net HIC OPEB asset - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(12,648) \$	(18,258) \$	(24,682) \$	(16,534)
					, , , ,
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the					
total HIC OPEB liability		116.04%	128.46%	155.77%	140.54%
Covered payroll	\$	5,297,968 \$	5,681,359 \$	4,929,397 \$	4,956,500
Authority's net HIC OPEB asset as a percentage					
of covered payroll		-0.24%	-0.32%	-0.50%	-0.33%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Authority's Share of Net OPEB Liability VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
2024	0.02065% \$	230,438 \$	5,301,316	4.35%	73.41%
2023	0.01963%	235,425	4,623,595	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.02110%	254,666	4,600,914	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.02260%	262,660	4,657,191	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.02584%	431,228	5,317,990	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.02900%	471,907	5,685,685	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.02598%	395,000	4,940,640	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.02695%	406,000	4,956,500	8.19%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions VRS OPEB Plans Years Ended June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2025

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Health Insur	rance Credit (HIC) Plan			_	_	
2025	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$	5,374,829	0.00%
2024	3,704	3,704	-		5,275,658	0.07%
2023	3,222	3,222	-		4,591,610	0.07%
2022	6,872	6,872	-		4,569,284	0.15%
2021	6,932	6,932	-		4,618,376	0.15%
2020	8,484	8,484	-		5,297,968	0.16%
2019	9,096	9,096	-		5,681,359	0.16%
2018	8,876	8,876	-		4,929,397	0.18%
2017	8,920	8,920	-		4,956,500	0.18%
2016	10,577	10,577	-		5,288,557	0.20%
Group Life I	nsurance (GLI) Plan					
2025	\$ 25,476 \$	25,476	\$ -	\$	5,397,209	0.47%
2024	28,415	28,415	-		5,301,316	0.54%
2023	24,783	24,783	-		4,623,595	0.54%
2022	24,682	24,682	-		4,600,914	0.54%
2021	24,942	24,942	-		4,657,191	0.54%
2020	27,867	27,867	-		5,317,990	0.52%
2019	29,791	29,791	-		5,685,685	0.52%
2018	25,887	25,887	-		4,940,640	0.52%
2017	25,846	25,846	-		4,956,500	0.52%
2016	25,385	25,385	-		5,288,557	0.48%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information VRS OPEB Plans Year Ended June 30, 2025

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuations.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

ton Eurgest Ten Ectanty Employers	Seneral Employees
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace
retirement healthy, and disabled)	load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan
	2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of
	service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

ton Eurgest ren Estantej Emprojers	1111241 40 45 2 4tj 2 inproject
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future
retirement healthy, and disabled)	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only
	to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

<u> </u>	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace
retirement healthy, and disabled)	load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan
	2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of
	service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

	the state of the s
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future
retirement healthy, and disabled)	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only
	to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Retiree Medical Plan

Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	2,300 \$	2,000 \$	4,900 \$	5,000
Interest	1,600	2,100	1,600	2,300	5,200	5,700	9,000	8,800
Changes in assumptions	-	(100)	(1,300)	800	1,300	2,700	(7,000)	-
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	(23,000)	(17,000)	(26,100)	(22,400)	(101,800)	(7,300)	(82,500)	-
Benefit payments				19,500	25,400	(15,700)	(15,700)	(15,700)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (21,400) \$	\$ (15,000)	(25,800) \$	200 \$	(67,600) \$	(12,600) \$	(91,300) \$	(1,900)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	42,300	57,300	83,100	82,900	150,500	163,100	254,400	256,300
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 20,900 \$	42,300 \$	57,300 \$	83,100 \$	82,900 \$	150,500 \$	163,100 \$	254,400
Covered-employee payroll	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	111,600 \$	213,000 \$	212,900
A discrete to the total OPER Park Process of the control of								
Authority's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	134.86%	76.57%	119.49%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Retiree Medical Plan Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) (1)	Contributions in Relation to ADC (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Covered- Employee Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered- Employee Payroll (5)
2024 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A
2023	(11,000)	(11,000)	-	_	N/A
2022	(21,500)	(21,500)	-	_	N/A
2021	(19,500)	(19,500)	-	-	N/A
2020	(25,400)	(25,400)	-	-	N/A
2019	15,700	15,700	-	111,600	14.07%
2018	15,700	15,700	-	213,000	7.37%
2017	15,700	15,700	-	212,900	7.37%
2016	15,600	15,600	-	283,900	5.49%
2015	10,100	10,100	-	283,900	3.56%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Retiree Medical Plan Year Ended June 30, 2025

Valuation Date: 7/1/2024 Measurement Date: 7/1/2024

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	4.09% and 3.86% for 2024 and 2023, respectively, representing the Municipal GO AA 20-year yield curve rate
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.75% for fiscal year 2025, decreasing .25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%
Salary Increase Rates	2.50%
Mortality Rates	PUB-2010 Amount-Weighted General Mortality Tables for employees and retirees

STATISTICAL INFORMATION

The statistical section is a required part of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). The statistical section presents detailed information in ten-year trends, which assists users in utilizing the basic financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information to assess the economic condition of an organization.

The statistical section is broken down into five categories; financial trend data, revenue capacity data, debt capacity data, demographic and economic information, and operating information.

The financial trend data is comprised of tables that show net position by component, changes in net position, operating expenses, other revenues and expenses, and operating revenues and expenses. The revenue capacity data looks at such things as operating revenues by source, historical trend of per diem rates, revenue and billed inmate days by customer and largest revenue source. The debt capacity data shows outstanding debt by type and revenue bond coverage ratios. The demographic and economic information is comprised of number of inmates, principal employers, population, and unemployment rates by jurisdiction. The operating information contains tables for number of employees by activities and a listing of insurance coverage.

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

2016	27,068,830	339,457	1	1	4,144,341	31,552,628
2017	26,539,956 \$	432,037	ı	1	5,421,640	32,393,633 \$ 31,552,628
2018	26,177,891 \$	1,116,066	16,534	1	6,111,648	∽
2019	25,108,566 \$ 93,083	1,492,994	24,682	1	8,465,684	35,185,009 \$
2020	24,943,926 \$ 74,425	1,663,120	18,258	•	10,948,264	∽
2021	24,380,843 \$ 24,643,351 \$ 24,740,913 \$ 24,943,926 \$ 25,108,566 \$ 26,177,891 \$ 26,539,956 \$ 27,068,830 - 18,682 74,425 93,083 -	1,367,526	12,648	411,328	14,551,674	∽
2022	24,643,351 \$	3,453,205	42,949	446,384	15,660,655	44,246,544 \$
2023	24,380,843 \$	4,207,727	89,630	388,863	16,965,180	46,032,243 \$
2024	24,665,285 \$	4,871,156	67,489	355,472	19,061,597	49,020,999 \$
2025	\$ 24,753,921 \$ 24,665,285 \$	5,199,315	80,687	322,724	20,786,386	51,143,033 \$ 49,020,999 \$
•	Net investment in capital assets \$ Restricted for debt service	Restricted for pension benefits	Restricted for retiree benefits	Restricted for inmates	Unrestricted	Total Net Position \$

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY CHANGES IN NET POSITION

2025 8 15.319,201 8 1.190,218 8 2,647,122 2024 14,532,673 13,894,181 638,492 3,351,175 1,249,911 249,000 2,988,756 2023 15,019,812 12,794,006 2,225,806 3,086,814 3,526,921 - 1,785,699 2021 14,819,737 13,190,177 1,629,560 2,872,970 1,358,757 - 1,785,699 2020 15,182,549 13,420,086 1,762,463 2,728,448 1,406,745 - 3,084,166 2019 15,182,548 14,029,572 529,916 2,654,343 1,441,783 - 3,084,166 2019 14,559,488 14,029,572 529,916 2,690,266 1,457,312 - 1,762,870 2018 14,561,267 13,942,602 618,665 2,553,429 1,482,519 - 1,689,575 2016 13,560,619 13,833,902 2,867,694 1,681,237 - 841,005 2016 13,552,970 13,883,902 2,86	Fiscal Year	Operating Revenues	Operating Expenses	Operating Income (Loss)	Nonoperating Revenues	Nonoperating Expenses ¹	Total Capital Contributions	Change In Net Position
14,532,67313,894,181638,4923,351,1751,249,911249,00015,019,81212,794,0062,225,8063,086,8143,526,921-14,819,73713,190,1771,629,5602,872,9701,358,757-15,182,54913,420,0861,762,4632,624,3481,406,745-15,107,37713,856,9531,250,4242,690,2661,457,312-14,559,48814,029,572529,9162,690,2661,457,312-14,561,26713,942,602618,6652,553,4291,482,519-13,609,61913,603,6106,0092,661,1831,826,187-13,552,97013,833,902(280,932)2,867,6941,681,237-	2025	\$ 15,319,291 \$	14,745,641 \$	573,650	3,263,690 \$	1,190,218	\$	2,647,122
15,019,81212,794,0062,225,8063,086,8143,526,921-14,819,73713,190,1771,629,5602,872,9701,358,757-15,182,54913,420,0861,762,4632,728,4481,406,745-15,107,37713,856,9531,250,4242,654,3431,441,783-14,559,48814,029,572529,9162,690,2661,457,312-14,561,26713,942,602618,6652,553,4291,482,519-13,609,61913,603,6106,0092,661,1831,826,187-13,552,97013,833,902(280,932)2,867,6941,681,237-	2024	14,532,673	13,894,181	638,492	3,351,175	1,249,911	249,000	2,988,756
14,819,73713,190,1771,629,5602,872,9701,358,757-15,182,54913,420,0861,762,4632,728,4481,406,745-15,107,37713,856,9531,250,4242,654,3431,441,783-14,559,48814,029,572529,9162,690,2661,457,312-14,561,26713,942,602618,6652,553,4291,482,519-13,609,61913,603,6106,0092,661,1831,826,187-13,552,97013,833,902(280,932)2,867,6941,681,237-	2023	15,019,812	12,794,006	2,225,806	3,086,814	3,526,921	1	1,785,699
15,182,54913,420,0861,762,4632,728,4481,406,745-15,107,37713,856,9531,250,4242,654,3431,441,783-14,559,48814,029,572529,9162,690,2661,457,312-14,561,26713,942,602618,6652,553,4291,482,519-13,609,61913,603,6106,0092,661,1831,826,187-13,552,97013,833,902(280,932)2,867,6941,681,237-	2022	14,819,737	13,190,177	1,629,560	2,872,970	1,358,757	ı	3,143,773
15,107,37713,856,9531,250,4242,654,3431,441,783-14,559,48814,029,572529,9162,690,2661,457,312-14,561,26713,942,602618,6652,553,4291,482,519-13,609,61913,603,6106,0092,661,1831,826,187-13,552,97013,833,902(280,932)2,867,6941,681,237-	2021	15,182,549	13,420,086	1,762,463	2,728,448	1,406,745	ı	3,084,166
14,559,488 14,029,572 529,916 2,690,266 1,457,312 - 14,561,267 13,942,602 618,665 2,553,429 1,482,519 - 13,609,619 13,603,610 6,009 2,661,183 1,826,187 - 13,552,970 13,833,902 (280,932) 2,867,694 1,681,237 -	2020	15,107,377	13,856,953	1,250,424	2,654,343	1,441,783	ı	2,462,984
14,561,267 13,942,602 618,665 2,553,429 1,482,519 - 13,609,619 13,603,610 6,009 2,661,183 1,826,187 - 13,552,970 13,833,902 (280,932) 2,867,694 1,681,237 -	2019	14,559,488	14,029,572	529,916	2,690,266	1,457,312	ı	1,762,870
13,609,61913,603,6106,0092,661,1831,826,187-13,552,97013,833,902(280,932)2,867,6941,681,237-	2018	14,561,267	13,942,602	618,665	2,553,429	1,482,519	ı	1,689,575
13,552,970 13,833,902 (280,932) 2,867,694 1,681,237 -	2017	13,609,619	13,603,610	6,009	2,661,183	1,826,187	ı	841,005
	2016	13,552,970	13,833,902	(280,932)	2,867,694	1,681,237	1	905,525

¹ The FY 2023 increase in nonoperating expenses reflects the one-time member surplus payout.

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY OPERATING EXPENSES

Year	Year Personnel	Fringes	Contractual	Other Charges	Depreciation	Expenses
2025	\$ 5,821,161 \$	1,715,118 \$	3,235,910	3,332,278	\$ 1,641,174 \$	14,745,641
2024	5,768,157	1,236,055	3,082,638	2,174,682	1,632,649	13,894,181
2023	4,938,757	1,562,913	2,414,912	2,287,010	1,590,414	12,794,006
2022	5,224,037	1,775,637	2,370,549	2,236,458	1,583,496	13,190,177
2021	5,041,488	2,123,058	2,294,544	2,371,803	1,589,193	13,420,086
2020	5,654,081	2,398,775	2,185,294	2,020,168	1,598,635	13,856,953
2019	5,938,277	2,299,641	2,190,091	2,095,055	1,506,508	14,029,572
2018	5,286,912	2,291,765	2,635,717	2,274,761	1,453,447	13,942,602
2017	5,120,551	2,376,546	2,478,751	2,180,213	1,447,549	13,603,610
2016	5,437,858	2,230,394	2,525,703	2,035,067	1,604,880	13,833,902

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY OTHER REVENUES AND EXPENSES

											Total
		Nonoperati	Nonoperating Revenues	S				Nonoperating Expenses	xpenses		Other
Fiscal	Local Share of	f Investment	Grant			Capital		Member			Revenues
Year	Debt Service	Income	Income	Other	Total	Contributions	Interest	Surplus Payout 1	Other	Total	and Expenses
								,			
2025	\$ 2,504,491	S		ı ج	\$ 3,263,690 \$	•	\$ 1,190,218 \$	<i>S</i>	1	- \$ 1,190,218 \$	2,073,472
2024	2,504,197		ı	20,300	3,351,175	249,000	1,247,338	•	2,573	1,249,911	2,350,264
2023	2,505,956		54,697	1	3,086,814	•	1,302,412	2,224,509	ı	3,526,921	(440,107)
2022	2,504,897		364,702	1	2,872,970	•	1,358,787	•	1	1,358,787	1,514,183
2021	2,552,643	41,342	134,463	1	2,728,448	•	1,406,745	•	1	1,406,745	1,321,703
2020	2,550,043		5,811	1	2,654,343	•	1,441,783	•	1	1,441,783	1,212,560
2019	2,549,715		6,252	•	2,690,266	1	1,457,312	1	1	1,457,312	1,232,954
2018	2,550,339		ı	•	2,553,429	1	1,482,519	1	•	1,482,519	1,070,910
2017	2,690,341		1	•	2,661,183	•	1,826,187	•	•	1,826,187	834,996
2016	2,687,138	1	30,310	1	2,867,694	1	1,681,237	ı	1	1,681,237	1,186,457

¹ The FY 2023 increase in nonoperating expenses reflects the one-time member surplus payout.

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

2016		205 \$ 5,372,922	7,325,919	000 275,233	087 148,548	39,255 66,970	12,820 16,540	6,940 7,115	13,813 14,127	53,309 44,329	9,705 10,809	350 259,341		20,936 11,117	619 \$ 13,552,970		097 \$ 7,668,252	202 65,803	201 749,097	549 2,459,900	782 702,751	230 583,219	549 1,604,880	610 \$ 13,833,902	6,009 \$ (280,932)
2017		\$ 5,611,205	7,205,199	270,000	120,087	39,	12,8	6,9	13,8	53,	,6	246,350		20,	\$ 13,609,619		\$ 7,497,097	56,202	847,201	2,422,549	701,782	631,230	1,447,549	\$ 13,603,610	\$
2018		6,300,443	7,339,444	270,000	111,688	50,479	12,151	6,463	10,866	47,875	9,144	283,536	51,994	67,184	14,561,267		7,578,677	80,453	875,873	2,555,264	737,368	661,520	1,453,447	13,942,602	618,665
2019		5,851,662 \$	7,033,267	270,000	94,955	56,700	19,225	8,860	13,399	13,531	12,410	924,630	180,789	80,060	14,559,488 \$		8,237,918 \$	69,018	950,753	2,121,072	490,794	653,509	1,506,508	14,029,572 \$	529,916 \$
2020		6,132,396 \$	7,038,397	270,000	98,614	33,610	10,919	8,395	12,110	12,999	13,581	1,180,955	204,779	90,622	15,107,377 \$		8,052,856 \$	65,177	942,122	2,120,117	479,546	598,500	1,598,635	13,856,953 \$	1,250,424 \$
2021		6,241,795 \$	7,347,308	270,000	129,828	22,130	12,489	7,130	13,606	45,134	25,040	522,561	302,900	242,628	15,182,549 \$		7,164,546 \$	81,331	1,258,701	2,213,213	536,789	576,313	1,589,193	13,420,086 \$	1,762,463
2022		5,758,905 \$	7,917,239	425,283	114,724	13,370	12,079	11,060	10,194	75,621	2,087	79,120	233,007	167,048	14,819,737 \$		6,999,674 \$	64,703	1,119,651	2,305,846	538,663	578,144	1,583,496	13,190,177 \$	1,629,560 \$
2023		5,635,778 \$	8,539,020	439,400	91,655	32,175	9,191	9,190	8,144	1,356	•	300	120,033	133,570	15,019,812 \$		6,501,670 \$	121,363	1,259,172	2,293,549	471,642	556,196	1,590,414	12,794,006 \$	638,492 \$ 2,225,806 \$ =
2024		4,631,416 \$	9,011,624	510,442	88,520	21,472	8,809	6,305	10,174	594	,	75	135,199	108,043	15,319,291 \$ 14,532,673 \$		7,004,212 \$	122,984	1,198,017	2,959,655	434,093	542,571	1,632,649	13,894,181 \$ 12,794,006	
2025		4,661,495 \$	9,794,209	516,900	79,625	19,895	9,582	4,455	7,529	6,871		8,610	112,738	97,382	15,319,291 \$		7,536,279 \$	98,610	1,297,351	3,137,300	437,856	597,071	1,641,174	14,745,641 \$	573,650 \$
!	•	∽	rd												\$		S			plies	Š		•	\$	* (s)
	Revenues:	Member Jurisdictions	State Compensation Board	Inmate Phones	Daily Fees	Work Release	Weekender Fees	Home Incarceration	Medical Co-Pays	Medical Reimbursement	Internet Visitation	Bed Rentals	Dining Operations	Miscellaneous	Total Revenues	Expenses:	Salaries and benefits	Professional services	Materials and supplies	Medical services and supplies	Food service and supplies	Utilities	Depreciation	Total expenses	Net operating income (loss)

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY OPERATING REVENUES BY SOURCE

Fiscal		County of	County of	ب	County of	Other		
Year	 	Brunswick	Dinwiddie	ا و	Mecklenburg	Governments	Other	Total
2025		1,286,595	\$ 1,286,595 \$ 1,370,917	7	2,003,983	\$ 9,802,819	\$ 854,977	854,977 \$ 15,319,291
2024		1,347,957	1,292,410	0	1,991,049	9,011,699	889,558	14,532,673
2023		1,568,283	1,600,987		2,466,508	8,539,320	844,714	15,019,812
2022		1,870,669	1,477,569	6	2,410,667	7,996,359	1,064,473	14,819,737
2021		1,969,881	1,288,679	6	2,983,235	7,347,308	1,593,446	15,182,549
2020		2,001,849	1,223,587		2,906,960	7,038,397	1,936,584	15,107,377
2019		1,966,328	1,357,364	4	2,527,970	7,033,267	1,674,559	14,559,488
2018		2,168,894	1,496,184	4	2,635,365	7,339,444	921,380	14,561,267
2017		1,960,483	1,252,815	2	2,397,907	7,205,199	793,215	13,609,619
2016		1,669,520	1,193,185	5	2,510,217	7,325,919	854,129	13,552,970

TABLE 7

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY HISTORICAL TREND OF PER DIEM RATES

Fiscal Year	l I	Operational Per Diem		Debt Service Per Diem	 	Total Per Diem
2025	S	45.61	∽	24.51	↔	70.12
2024		42.30		22.87		65.17
2023		38.60		17.16		55.76
2022		39.44		17.16		56.60
2021		42.75		17.48		60.23
2020		42.00		17.47		59.47
2019		39.10		17.04		56.14
2018		43.47		18.63		62.10
2017		37.50		17.98		55.48
2016		36.80		18.41		55.21

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY REVENUES & BILLED INMATE DAYS - BY CUSTOMER

	Bru	Brunswick County	ıty	Dinv	Dinwiddie County	,	Meckl	Mecklenburg County	ty
Fiscal Year	Revenue	Per Diem	Inmate Days Billed	Revenue	Per Diem	Inmate Days Billed	Revenue	Per Diem	Inmate Days Billed
2025	\$ 1,286,595	\$ 45.61	28,209	\$ 1,370,917	\$ 45.61	30,057	\$ 2,003,983	\$ 45.61	43,937
2024	\$ 1,347,957	\$ 42.30	31,867	\$ 1,292,410	\$ 42.30	30,553	\$ 1,991,049	\$ 42.30	47,070
2023	\$ 1,568,283	\$ 38.60	40,629	\$ 1,600,987	\$ 38.60	41,476	\$ 2,466,508	\$ 38.60	63,899
2022	\$ 1,870,669	\$ 39.44	47,431	\$ 1,477,569	\$ 39.44	37,464	\$ 2,410,667	\$ 39.44	61,122
2021	\$ 1,969,881	\$ 42.75	46,079	\$ 1,288,679	\$ 42.75	30,145	\$ 2,983,235	\$ 42.75	69,783
2020	\$ 2,001,849	\$ 42.00	47,663	\$ 1,223,587	\$ 42.00	29,133	\$ 2,906,960	\$ 42.00	69,213
2019	\$ 1,966,328	\$ 39.10	50,290	\$ 1,357,364	\$ 39.10	34,715	\$ 2,527,970	\$ 39.10	64,654
2018	\$ 2,168,894	\$ 43.47	49,894	\$ 1,496,184	\$ 43.47	34,419	\$ 2,635,365	\$ 43.47	60,625
2017	\$ 1,960,483	\$ 37.50	52,280	\$ 1,252,815	\$ 37.50	33,408	\$ 2,397,907	\$ 37.50	63,944
2016	\$ 1,669,520	\$ 36.80	45,367	\$ 1,193,185	\$ 36.80	32,424	\$ 2,510,217	\$ 36.80	68,212

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY LARGEST REVENUE SOURCE

Current Year and Period Nine Years Ago

	I	Fiscal Year 2025	2025	ļ	Fiscal Year 2016	r 2016
	ı	Amount	%	ı	Amount	0%
State Compensation Board Mecklenburg County Subtotal	↔	9,794,209 63.93% 2,003,983 13.08% 11.798 192 77.02%	63.93% 13.08% 77.02%	≶	7,325,919 2,510,217 9 836,136	54.05% 18.52% 72.58%
Balance from other revenue sources	I	3,521,099	22.98%	I	3,716,834	
Grand Totals	↔ 	15,319,291	100.00%	≫	13,552,970	100.00%

The table includes the largest revenue sources required to reach 50 percent of the revenue base.

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE AND RATIOS TO PERSONAL INCOME AND POPULATION

Fiscal	Revenue	Zotes	Lease		Annual Personal Income (1)	Debt to Personal	Population	Debt ner
Year	Bonds	Payable	Liabilities	Total	(in thousands)	Income	(1)	Capita
2025 \$	31,619,730 \$	S	116,696 \$	31,736,426	Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable
2024	33,094,057	ı	32,528	33,126,585	\$ 6,212,627	0.53%	126,442	261.99
2023	34,521,120	ı	53,555	34,574,675	5,705,610	0.61%	126,278	273.80
2022	35,905,290	ı	82,579	35,987,869	5,800,525	0.62%	125,802	286.07
2021	37,245,967	98,800	113,298	37,458,065	5,264,266	0.71%	126,235	296.73
2020	38,597,246	197,600	163,957	38,958,803	4,919,104	0.79%	126,195	308.72
2019	39,913,525	1	212,258	40,125,783	4,821,454	0.83%	126,320	317.65
2018	41,199,804		ı	41,199,804	4,715,257	0.87%	126,240	326.36
2017	42,461,083	1	ı	42,461,083	4,592,002	0.92%	126,357	336.04
2016	40,325,753	•		40,325,753	4,554,626	%68.0	129,292	311.90

(1) Total for Member Localities - from Table 13

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

Bond Coverage	9.18	8.52	8.29	7.53	7.01	5.41	4.12	3.21	2.69	2.03
Total	2,504,491	2,504,197	2,505,956	2,504,897	2,552,643	2,550,043	2,551,071	2,550,339	2,559,326	2,687,138
Payments to Reserves	⇔	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı
Interest	1,309,491 \$	1,369,197	1,425,956	1,479,897	1,522,643	1,555,043	1,586,071	1,610,339	1,639,326	1,792,138
Principal	1,195,000 \$	1,135,000	1,080,000	1,025,000	1,030,000	995,000	965,000	940,000	920,000	895,000
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	23,001,210 \$	21,332,738	20,781,400	18,873,711	17,903,330	13,797,323	10,502,108	8,183,760	6,875,198	5,468,289
Available Unrestricted Net Position	20,786,386 \$	19,061,597	16,965,180	15,660,655	14,551,674	10,948,264	8,465,684	6,111,648	5,421,640	4,144,341
Operating and Capital Expenses (1)	13,104,467 \$	12,261,532	11,203,592	11,606,681	11,830,893	12,258,318	12,523,064	12,489,155	12,156,061	12,229,022
Operating Revenues	\$ 15,319,291 \$ 13,104,467 \$	14,532,673	15,019,812	14,819,737	15,182,549	15,107,377	14,559,488	14,561,267	13,609,619	13,552,970
Fiscal Year	2025 \$	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016

⁽¹⁾ Actual operating expenses, exclusive of depreciation.

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY INMATE BOOKING STATISTICS

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Brunswick	;	;	;		,	;	,	,	,	;
Average Daily Population	69	65	89	104	119	115	126	137	126	114
Average Length of Stay (Days)	36	33	30	40	47	45	34	43	44	40
Average Monthly Bookings	37	36	38	39	42	42	55	54	57	62
Dinwiddie										
Average Daily Population	70	75	69	82	78	70	87	94	80	81
Average Length of Stay (Days)	33	34	34	40	46	46	39	39	41	39
Average Monthly Bookings	41	46	42	37	38	30	45	49	45	48
Mecklenburg										
Average Daily Population	86	109	106	134	180	167	162	166	154	172
Average Length of Stay (Days)	35	34	34	44	58	47	38	49	53	36
Average Monthly Bookings	09	99	63	51	70	81	06	100	93	66
Other										
Average Daily Population	9	4	5	7	25	48	42	20	17	16
Average Length of Stay (Days)	29	16	18	44	61	72	46	47	55	45
Average Monthly Bookings	16	14	13	14	16	25	28	20	20	21

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND PERIOD NINE YEARS AGO

sick County Dinwiddie County 2025 2025 2025 2025 bool Board 250 - 499 1 Amazon Fulfilment Services Inc. bool Board 250 - 499 2 Wal Mart bonnunity College 100 - 249 4 Dinwiddie County School Board nal Jail 50 - 99 5 Gerdau Ameristeel 50 - 99 5 Gerdau Ameristeel 50 - 99 6 Humana Insurance Company 50 - 99 7 Dinwiddie Board of Supervisors 50 - 99 8 Aldi 50 - 99 9 Tindall Concrete Products 50 - 99 10 Richard Bland College 2016 250 - 499 1 Anazon Com KYDC Inc Inception 250 - 499 1 Amazon Com KYDC Inc 250 - 499 2 Wal Mart bool 260 - 249 3 Central State Hospital nandual Jail 100 - 249 4 Dinwiddie County School Board 100 - 249 5 Integrity Staf	Mecklenburg County 2025	Employees Rank Emplover Employees 1000 & over 1 MCV Hospital 500 - 999 1000 & over 2 Mecklenburg County School Board 500 - 999 500 - 999 3 Microsoft Business Solutions 500 - 999 500 - 999 4 Wal Mart 250 - 499 250 - 499 5 Jeanswear Distribution LLC 250 - 499 250 - 499 6 Food Lion 250 - 499 250 - 499 7 County of Mecklenburg 100 - 249 250 - 499 8 Eastern Region Field Unit 100 - 249 100 - 249 9 Unique Wholesale Distributors LLC 100 - 249 100 - 249 10 Southside Community Services 100 - 249	Employees Rank Employee Employees 1000 & over 2 1 Mecklenburg County School Board 500 - 999 500 - 999 500 - 999 3 Global Safety Textiles LLC 250 - 499 550 - 999 4 ONE Jeanswear Group 250 - 499 250 - 499 5 Wal Mart 250 - 499 250 - 499 6 Food Lion 100 - 249 100 - 249 7 Penmac Personnel Services 100 - 249 100 - 249 8 GA & F. C. Wagman Inc 100 - 249
Employees 2025 Employees County School Board ville Correctional Center 250 - 499 Virginia Community College 100 - 249 Brunswick 100 - 249 Siver Regional Jail 50 - 99 Sor Description 50 - 99 Sor Llc 50 - 99 St Llc 50 - 99 County School Board 250 - 499 Crips & Detention Inc 250 - 499 Siver Regional Jail 100 - 249 Company 100 - 249 Academy 50 - 99	Dinwiddie County 2025	Employer Amazon Fulfillment Services Inc. Wal Mart Central State Hospital Dinwiddie County School Board Gerdau Ameristeel Humana Insurance Company Dinwiddie Board of Supervisors Aldi Tindall Concrete Products Richard Bland College	Employer Amazon Com KYDC Inc Wal Mart Central State Hospital Dinwiddie County School Board Integrity Staffing Solutions Chaparral Dinwiddie Board of Supervisors Hiram W. Davis Medical Center
	Brunswick County 2025	Employees County School Board 250 - 499	2016 Employees County School Board 250 - 499 ctions & Detention Inc 250 - 499 Virginia Community College 100 - 249 River Regional Jail 100 - 249 Brunswick 100 - 249 Company 50 - 99 Academy 50 - 99 Academy 50 - 99

SOURCE: Virginia Employment Commission

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS FOR MEMBER JURISDICTIONS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Annual Personal Personal Calendar Income Income 2024 15,749 \$ 719,619 2023 15,940 \$ 654,060 2021 16,037 \$ 885,333 2020 16,231 \$ 548,347 2019 16,244 \$ 556,822 2017 16,243 \$ 535,329	nnual				Dinwiddie County (1)	0 unty (1)			Mecklenburg County	g County	
Population 15,749 15,921 15,940 16,037 16,231 16,244 16,243	nnual	Annual				Annual				Annual	
Population 15,749 15,921 15,940 16,037 16,231 16,244 16,243	,	Per			Annual	Per			Annual	Per	
Population 15,749 15,921 15,940 16,037 16,231 16,284 16,244	rsonal	Capita	Unemploy-		Personal	Capita	Unemploy-		Personal	Capita	Unemploy-
Population 15,749 15,921 15,940 16,037 16,231 16,244 16,243	Income	Personal	ment		Income	Personal	ment		Income	Personal	ment
15,749 \$ 15,921 \$ 15,940 \$ 16,037 \$ 16,231 \$ 16,244 \$ 16,243	(in thousands)	Income	Rate	Population	(in thousands)	Income	Rate	Population	(in thousands)	Income	Rate
15,921 15,940 16,037 16,231 16,244 16,244 16,244 16,244 16,244	719,619	\$ 45,693	4.00%	80,045	\$ 3,972,092	\$ 49,623	3.10%	30,648	\$ 1,520,916	\$ 49,625	3.30%
15,940 S 16,037 S 16,231 S 16,244 S 16,243 S	654,060	\$ 41,082	5.20%	79,849	\$ 3,662,655	\$ 45,870	3.90%	30,508	\$ 1,388,895	\$ 45,526	4.00%
16,037 S 16,231 S 16,244 S 16,243 S 16,243 S	640,013	\$ 40,151	4.60%	79,614	\$ 3,768,526	\$ 47,335	3.30%	30,248	\$ 1,391,986	\$ 46,019	3.60%
16,231 S 16,384 S 16,244 S 16,243 S	585,333	\$ 33,784	6.30%	79,519	\$ 3,430,510	\$ 44,938	4.50%	30,679	\$ 1,248,423	\$ 40,693	4.70%
16,384 \$ 16,244 \$ 16,243 \$ \$	548,347	\$ 33,784	8.00%	79,377	\$ 3,193,735	\$ 41,337	6.40%	30,587	\$ 1,177,022	\$ 38,481	%08.9
16,244 \$	535,459	\$ 32,682	5.50%	79,286	\$ 3,144,588	\$ 40,352	4.50%	30,650	\$ 1,141,407	\$ 37,240	5.30%
16.243	526,822	\$ 32,432	4.90%	79,310	\$ 3,083,304	\$ 39,637	3.50%	30,686	\$ 1,105,131	\$ 36,014	4.10%
	535,329	\$ 32,958	5.40%	79,222	\$ 2,984,012	\$ 38,356	3.90%	30,892	\$ 1,072,661	\$ 34,723	5.00%
17,289 \$	523,182	\$ 31,332	%00.9	79,186	\$ 2,970,447	\$ 38,010	4.80%	32,817	\$ 1,060,997	\$ 34,137	2.60%
17,313 \$	510,317	\$ 30,932	%08.9	79,156	\$ 2,880,056	\$ 36,787	5.30%	32,802	\$ 1,034,279	\$ 33,158	6.20%

⁽¹⁾ According to the U.S. Census Bureau, Dinwiddie is part of a Virginia combination area which includes Dinwiddie, Colonial Heights, and Petersburg. Combination area population is used in the table since the other data is not individually available for Dinwiddie.

SOURCE: Provided by US Census Bureau, LAUS Unit, and Bureau of Labor Statistics.

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES AND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY IDENTIFIABLE ACTIVITY

					Number of Employees	Employees				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Civilians Sworn Officers	24 66	26 63	25 66	24 62	25 75	21 96	21 125	21 123	16 119	15 130
Total Employees	06	68	91	98	100	117	146	144	135	145
					Number of C	Number of Capital Assets				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Vehicles	33	31	29	27	28	27	25	25	23	21
Housing Units 1	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Total Capital Assets	57	55	53	51	52	51	49	49	47	45

1 15 Housing Units are contained within one building at the Alberta facility 9 Housing Units are contained within one building at the Boydton facility

MEHERRIN RIVER REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE

As of June 30, 2025

Insurance Coverage	Insurance Company	Expiration Date	Coverage Limit	Dec	Deductible
Building & Personal Property	VACO	7/1/2025	As scheduled	\$	1,000
Electronic Data Processing Equipment	VACO	7/1/2025	\$ 100,000	S	1,000
Earthquake/Flood	VACO	7/1/2025	As scheduled	S	25,000
Business Auto	VACO	7/1/2025	\$ 2,000,000	S	250
Schedule Equipment	VACO	7/1/2025	As scheduled	S	1,000
Boiler and Machinery	VACO	7/1/2025	As scheduled	S	1,000
Business Interruption and Extra Expense	VACO	7/1/2025	\$ 100,000		N/A
Cyber Risk	VACO	7/1/2025	\$ 2,000,000		N/A
Workers Compensation	VACO	7/1/2025	\$ 1,000,000		N/A
Faithful Performance of Duty	VACO	7/1/2025	\$ 250,000	S	250
Line of Duty	VACO	7/1/2025	Statutory Limit		N/A
Bond (1)	Division of Risk Management				
Constitutional Officer (1)	Commonwealth of Virginia- Division of Risk Management	7/1/2025	\$ 1,000,000	↔	1,000

N/A - Not Applicable

(1) - Provided by the Commonwealth of Virginia



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority Alberta, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Meherrin River Regional Jail Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson Faven Cox Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia November 3, 2025